We congratulate you for choosing a HARDI plant protection product. The reliability and efficiency of this product depend upon your care. The first step is to carefully read and pay attention to this instruction book. It contains essential information for the efficient use and long life of this quality product.

As the instruction book covers all COMMANDER plus models with OLH, OLV or OLS boom and all models with conventional liquid system or High Capacity Liquid system, please pay attention to the paragraphs dealing with precisely your model.

This book is to be read in conjunction with the “Spray Technique” book.

More information about the COMMANDER plus can be found on the product’s own website at: http://www.commander-plus.com

Illustrations, technical information and data in this book are to the best of our belief correct at the time of printing. As it is HARDI INTERNATIONAL A/S policy permanently to improve our products, we reserve the right to make changes in design, features, accessories, specifications and maintenance instructions at any time and without notice. HARDI INTERNATIONAL A/S is without any obligation in relation to implements purchased before or after such changes.

HARDI INTERNATIONAL A/S cannot undertake any responsibility for possible omissions or inaccuracies in this publication, although everything possible has been done to make it complete and correct.

As this instruction book covers more models and features or equipment, which are available in certain countries only, please pay attention to paragraphs dealing with precisely your model.

Published and printed by HARDI INTERNATIONAL A/S
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EC Declaration

Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer,
HARDI INTERNATIONAL A/S
Helgeshej Alle 38
DK 2630 Taastrup
DENMARK

Importer,

declare that the following product;


B. was manufactured in conformity with the current standards implementing harmonised standards in accordance with Article 5 (2) and other relevant standards.

Taastrup, January 2000

[Signature]
Erik Holst
Managing Director
HARDI INTERNATIONAL A/S

Adhere extra shipping package labels in the Product Identification Certificate.
Operator safety

Watch for this symbol . It means WARNING, CAUTION, NOTE. Your safety is involved so be alert!

Note the following recommended precautions and safe operating practices.

- Read and understand this instruction book before using the equipment. It is equally important that other operators of this equipment read and understand this book.

- Local law may demand that the operator be certified to use spray equipment. Adhere to the law.

- Pressure test with clean water prior to filling with chemicals.

- Wear protective clothing.

- Rinse and wash equipment after use and before servicing.

- Depressurize equipment after use and before servicing.

- Never service or repair the equipment whilst it is operating.

- Disconnect electrical power before servicing.

- Always replace all safety devices or shields immediately after servicing.

- If an arc welder is used on the equipment or anything connected to the equipment, disconnect power leads before welding. Remove all inflammable or explosive material from the area.

- Do not eat, drink or smoke whilst spraying or working with contaminated equipment.

- Wash and change clothes after spraying.

- Wash tools if they have become contaminated.

- In case of poisoning, immediately seek medical advice. Remember to identify chemicals used.

Keep children away from the equipment.

Do not attempt to enter the tank.

Do not go under any part of the sprayer unless it is secured. The boom is secure when placed in the transport brackets.

If any portion of this instruction book remains unclear after reading it, contact your HARDI dealer for further explanation before using the equipment.
**COMMANDER plus**

The COMMANDER plus is divided into three zones: a Clean zone, a Working zone and an Application zone, referring to the level of possible pesticide contamination.

- **CLEAN ZONE**
  - Locker for protective gear
  - Clean water tank
  - Tap for hand washing
  - Support leg
  - Pump
  - P.T.O. shaft

- **WORKING ZONE**
  - Tank level indicator
  - MANIFOLD valves
  - Couplers for fast filling
  - Working platform with ladder
  - Hydraulic and electric components
  - Boom and Work lights
  - HARDI FILLER
  - Lockers for pesticide containers and equipment

- **APPLICATION ZONE**
  - PARALIFT boom lift system
  - Boom
  - Nozzles
  - Mudguards
  - Suspension
  - Crop Protection Kit

Please note that some of the features are optional equipment
Description

Frame
Strong and compact frame with several options of drawbars and wheel sizes. The frame has a strong chemical and weather resistant electrostatic lacquer coat. Screws, nuts, etc. have been DELTA-MAGNI treated to be resistant to corrosion.

Tank
UV-resistant Polyethylene in a suitable design with no sharp corners for easy agitation, emptying and cleaning. Nominal contents 2200, 2800, 3200 or 4200 liters.

Pump
Diaphragm pump with 6 diaphragms, model 363 or 463, depending on boom width, with easily accessible valves and diaphragms. Standard = 540 r.p.m. (6 splines)
Optional = 1000 r.p.m. (21 splines).

MANIFOLD SYSTEM
All functions of the spray circuits are operated via the centrally situated MANIFOLD valves with colour coded plates and pictorial symbols for easy operation.

Fluid System
The sprayer can be equipped with a conventional fluid system or with a High Capacity Fluid System.

High Capacity Fluid System - HCFS (certain models only)
With the HCFS it is possible to achieve an application rate of up to 600 l/min. The HCFS is equipped with two conjoined 463 pumps, which have parallel outlet and feeding. The tubes for HCFS are made of stainless steel.

Operating unit
The system is based on EVC - Electrical Valve Control. The on/off is linked to the section valves, which is resulting in a very quick response to on/off.

The operating unit is constructed of modules and is electrically controlled via a remote control box.

The built-in HARDI-MATIC ensures a constant volume per hectare of the liquid (l/ha) at varying forward speed within the same gear when the number of P.T.O. revolutions are between 300-600 r.p.m. (pump 540 r.p.m.) or 650-1100 r.p.m. (pump 1000 r.p.m.).

Filters
With the self-cleaning filter the impurities that exist in the spray liquid will by-pass the filter and be recirculated back to the tank via the return flow. Also suction filter and nozzle filters are standard. In-line pressure filters can be fitted as option.

Boom

All booms are suspended in a strong, stable parallelogram boom lift.

The OLS boom is pendulum suspended. The raising/lowering and folding/unfolding functions are operated via the tractor hydraulics.

The OLH boom and the OLV boom are pendulum suspended and fully hydraulically operated. All functions are controlled via the Direct Acting Hydraulic System (D.A.H.). The OLH boom is also equipped with individual boom tilt control.

Outer sections incorporate spring loaded breakaway.

The booms are available in 18, 20, 21, 24, 27 and 28 m working width.

Identification plates
An identification plate fitted on the frame indicates producer name, model, own weight, max. weight, max. pressure of the hydraulic system, and max. pressure of the spray liquid system. Frame, boom centre frame, and inner/outer sections also have identification plates indicating boom type and part number of spare parts. If ordering spare parts, inform your dealer of these, so the right model and version are described.
**Description**

**Sprayer use**
The HARDI COMMANDER sprayer is for the application of crop protection chemicals and liquid fertilisers.

The equipment must only be used for this purpose. It is not allowable to use the sprayer for other purposes.

If no local law demands that the operator must be certified to use the spray equipment, it is strongly recommended to be trained in correct plant protection and in safe handling of plant protection chemicals to avoid unnecessary risk for persons and the environment when doing the spray job.

**Unloading the sprayer from the truck**
For the unloading of the sprayer a crane or a fork lift is needed. When loading with a crane please observe the lifting points as shown on the illustration, and make sure that the straps or belts used for lifting are strong enough.

**Before putting the sprayer into operation**
Although the sprayer has been applied with a strong and protective surface treatment on steel parts, bolts etc. in the factories, it is recommended to apply a film of anticorrosion oil (e.g. CASTROL RUSTILLO or SHELL ENSIS FLUID) on all metal parts in order to avoid chemicals and fertilisers discoloring the enamel.

If this is done before the sprayer is put into operation for the first time, it will always be easy to clean the sprayer and keep the enamel shiny for many years.

This treatment should be carried out every time the protection film is washed off.
Connecting the sprayer

**Drawbars**

Mounted on the chassis in a centre pivot, the drawbar can be either standard fixed or optionally steered. Steering can be hydraulically operated or it can be automatically controlled (TRAIL CONTROL).

### Overview - Drawbar systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMMANDER LPYLPZ</th>
<th>FIXED DRAWBAR</th>
<th>STEERING DRAWBAR</th>
<th>TRAIL CONTROL</th>
<th>SELF TRACK</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2200/2800</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3200/4200</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Following drawbar extensions are available. The drawbar extensions are available - steering or fixed - for both high and low tractor hitch points. Each drawbar is available in a long or a short version.

### Overview - Drawbar extensions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Drawbar extensions</th>
<th>COMMANDER 2200/2800</th>
<th>COMMANDER 3200/4200</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HIGH and LOW hitch</td>
<td>HIGH and LOW hitch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swivel type Ø33</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swivel type Ø36</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zugmaul Ø40</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hitch Ø50 (ISO 5692)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All drawbars are available in a long and a short version.

### Mounting the drawbar extension

The extension piece is inserted into the opening of the drawbar, fastened by two main bolts through the two holes A and secured by two linch pins.

### Support leg

The support leg is stored in the bracket on the sprayer’s right side when the sprayer is attached to the tractor.

To remove the support leg: Lift the leg, remove the linch pin and pull out the support leg.

The support leg can then be mounted to the drawbar extension and secured by linch pin.
Sprayer setup

Fixed drawbar
Make sure the drawbar points straight ahead from its position on the trailer. If not, the two turn buckles A can be adjusted till the drawbar is centred.

STEERING drawbar
Transport lock (if fitted)
The transport lock is a safeguard that will keep the drawbar in a centred position in case of hydraulic leakage during transport on public roads.

The transport lock is fixed by linch pins.

If necessary, the transport lock can be adjusted by turning the turnbuckle.

SELF TRACK for COMMANDER 2200/2800
SELF TRACK is connected as follows:

1. Attach the tractor lower links in the two mountings of the SELF TRACK. Adjust the length of the drawbar if necessary - to obtain the best tracking, choose the setting where the distance X is equal to distance Y. Secure with linch pins.

2. Attach safety chains to top link clevis. The chain will prevent the transmission shaft from being damaged if the lift arms are lowered too far. Adjust the chain length so the chains are tight when the tractor P.T.O. and pump shaft are in a horizontal line.

NOTE! If possible, lock the tractor hydraulic lever when the lift arms are in the correct position to avoid the sprayer weight resting on the stabiliser chains.

3. Tighten the lift arm stabiliser chains.

WARNING! Do not stand in the area around the drawbar during manoeuvring.

TRAIL CONTROL
Please refer to separate instruction book.

Hose package support
To prevent hoses and wiring from being damaged by the tractor wheels, all hoses, cables and wires are held by the hose bracket A fitted to the drawbar.

Check that the length of the hoses and cables are sufficient by tight turns.
Sprayer setup

Transmission shaft
Operator safety
To avoid accidents and personal injuries, note the following recommended precautions and safe operation practices.

1. Always STOP ENGINE before attaching the transmission shaft to tractor P.T.O. - most tractor P.T.O. shafts can be rotated by hand to facilitate spline alignment, when engine is stopped.

2. When attaching the shaft, make sure that the snap lock is FULLY ENGAGED - push and pull shaft until it locks.

WARNING! ROTATING TRANSMISSION SHAFTS WITHOUT PROTECTION GUARDS ARE FATAL.

3. Always keep protection guards and chains intact and make sure that it covers all rotating parts, including CV-joints at each end of the shaft. Do not use without protection guard.

4. Do not touch or stand on the transmission shaft when it is rotating - safety distance: 1.5 meter.

5. Prevent protection guards from rotating by attaching the chains allowing sufficient slack for turns.

6. Make sure that protection guards around tractor P.T.O. and implement shaft are intact.

7. Always STOP ENGINE and remove the ignition key before carrying out maintenance or repairs to the transmission shaft or implement.

Installation of transmission shaft
First installation of the transmission shaft is done in the following way:

1. Attach sprayer to tractor and set sprayer height in the position with shortest distance between the tractor and sprayer pump P.T.O. shafts.

2. Stop engine and remove ignition key.

3. If transmission shaft must be shortened, the shaft is pulled apart.

Fit the two shaft parts at tractor and sprayer pump and measure how much it is necessary to shorten the shaft.

Mark the protection guards.

NOTE! The shaft must always have a minimum overlap. The size of this overlap depends on the pump model:

Pump with 6 splines/540 r.p.m.
The shaft must always have an overlap (A) of minimum 1/3 of the length.

Pump with 21 splines/1000 r.p.m.
The shaft must always have an overlap (A) of minimum 2/3 of the length.

4. The two parts are shortened equally. Use a saw, and file the profiles afterwards to remove burrs.

5. Grease the profiles and assemble male and female parts again.

6. Fit the shaft to tractor P.T.O. and sprayer pump shaft.

NOTE! Female part marked with a tractor towards tractor!
Sprayer setup

7. Fit the chains to prevent the protection guards from rotating with the shaft.

8. To ensure long life of the transmission shaft, try to avoid working angles greater than 15°.
Track gauge
Altering the track gauge
The track gauge of the COMMANDER can be altered stepless as follows,

1. Measure the current track gauge (centre RH tyre to centre LH tyre). Each side must be extended or retracted half the desired alteration.
2. Attach the sprayer to tractor and engage tractor parking brake.
3. Place stop wedges in front of and behind RH wheel. Jack up LH wheel, support and secure sprayer body.
4. Loosen clamp bolts for LH wheel axle.
5. Loosen the nut B on the brake operating arm. Extend/retract this arm according to the adjustment of the axle.

COMMANDER without suspension

6. Extend or retract the axle. A sack barrow and a rod will facilitate the operation.

7. If the rim position must be changed, do this first and fine adjust by extending or retracting the axles. Remember to tighten the wheel nuts to the specified torque:
   - Rim plate to rim: 280 + 30 Nm (207 + 22 lbft)
   - Rim plate to hub: 490 Nm (388 lbft)

8. Tighten the clamp bolts to a torque of:
   - 280 Nm (207 lb.ft) for 2200/2800
   - 390 Nm (289 lbft) for 3200/4200.

9. Tighten nut B again.

IMPORTANT! Place the jack under the axle and lift the wheel to remove load from the clamps before tightening the clamp bolts to the specified torque.

10. Repeat the procedure on RH wheel.
11. Check the distance from centre tyre to centre of tank frame is equal at RH and LH.
12. Retighten clamp bolts and wheel bolts to specified torque after 8 hours of work.
## Sprayer setup

### Adjustment ranges - track width

The maximum track width for all models is **2250 mm**.

The minimum track width depends on the parameters in the charts beneath and whether the sprayer is equipped with suspended axle - or not. Please refer to the following charts (all figures in mm).

### Min. track width - Sprayers without suspension

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sprayer with:</th>
<th>CM plus 2200</th>
<th>CM plus 2800</th>
<th>CM plus 3200</th>
<th>CM plus 4200</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tyre size</td>
<td>9.5 x 44&quot;</td>
<td>9.5 x 48&quot;</td>
<td>9.5 x 44&quot;</td>
<td>9.5 x 48&quot;</td>
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<tr>
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<td>11.2 x 44&quot;</td>
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<td>12.4 x 46&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flange hub</td>
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<td>Mudguards</td>
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# Sprayer setup

**Min. track width - Sprayers with suspension**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sprayer with:</th>
<th>Tyre size</th>
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</thead>
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<td>9.5 x 44&quot;</td>
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<td><strong>CM plus 2200</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Flange hub</td>
<td>1800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mudguards</td>
<td>1800</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sprayer with:</th>
<th>Tyre size</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9.5 x 44&quot;</td>
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<td><strong>CM plus 2800</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flange hub</td>
<td>1800</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mudguards</td>
<td>1800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sprayer with:</th>
<th>Tyre size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9.5 x 44&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CM plus 3200</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flange hub</td>
<td>1800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mudguards</td>
<td>1800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sprayer with:</th>
<th>Tyre size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9.5 x 44&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CM plus 4200</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flange hub</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mudguards</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It is not permitted to fit dual wheels!

**IMPORTANT!** On TRACKER models a minimum track width of 1800 mm is strongly recommended to ensure stability and to avoid the sprayer from tipping over.

**NOTE!** The wider the track width, the better is the stability of the sprayer and boom.
### Sprayer setup

#### Permitted rim positions

| +17.2 | +32.2 | +54.2 | -29.2 | -44.2 |

**IMPORTANT!** Tyre sizes 18.4 x 38” and 20.8 x 38” are not permitted in any “+ position”, only use the “- positions”.

**WARNING!** When altering track gauge by turning rims and rim plates the maximum permitted offset between centre wheel and hub flange must be observed:

### Max offset, hub flange and centre rim:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMMANDER model</th>
<th>Min. rim offset</th>
<th>Max. rim offset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2200/2800</td>
<td>-45</td>
<td>+55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3200/4200</td>
<td>-33</td>
<td>+55</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sprayer setup

Hydraulic systems

Hydraulics COMMANDER-OLS

_Indirect Acting Hydraulic system_

Connection requirements for COMMANDER-OLS are:

- one single acting outlet and
- one double acting outlet

Ensure the snap couplers are clean before connection!

**NOTE!** The hydraulic system requires a minimum oil pressure of 130 bar, max. oil pressure of 210 bar and an oil capacity of approx. 5 litres. After having operated the boom and the system has been filled with oil, check tractor’s hydraulic oil level and top up if necessary.

Hydraulics COMMANDER-OLH and OLV

_*Direct Acting Hydraulic system_*

The D.A.H. system requires a double acting hydraulic outlet. The hydraulic hoses are marked with arrows to indicate direction of oil flow.

The D.A.H. system requires an oil flow between 10 and 90 l/min (19.8 Imp. gal/min.) and a min. pressure of 130 bar (1886 p.s.i.) The system has a built-in flow regulator that maintains constant speed on hydraulic movements.

The hydraulic distribution block is situated underneath the platform floor.

The valves on the block are operated by means of manual override and each valve can be regulated to be open or closed.

Before operating the hydraulics, the valves on the sprayer’s hydraulic distribution block should be adjusted according to the specific tractor model (please refer to scheme later in this part).

If you have doubt about which type of hydraulic system your tractor is equipped with, please ask your tractor dealer.

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tractor/hydraulic system</th>
<th>Cartridge valve</th>
<th>Flow regulator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Standard (constant flow tractor) | Open | Open | 029
| Closed centre (certain JD tractors) | Closed | Closed |
| Load sensing 1. *Without* external sensing line | Open | Open |
| Load sensing 2. *With* external sensing line | Open | Closed |

_Load Sensing_

Please consult your tractor dealer for correct setup and correct connection.

Certain tractor models are able to use Load Sensing *without* connecting an external sensing line (setting 1 in scheme). But if optimal sensing control pressure *cannot* be obtained, an external sensing line needs to be mounted (setting 2 in scheme).

**Requirements - Load Sensing hose:**

1/4” Standard hose
Max. rated working pressure = 200 bar.

**IMPORTANT!** It is of essential importance that connectors on sensing line are kept totally clean. Failure to do so will cause impurities entering the pump and thereby cause damages to vital pump parts.
**Control boxes and power supply**

Power requirement is 12V DC.

Note Polarity!

For EVC: Brown pos. (+), Blue neg. (-).
For D.A.H.: White pos. (+), Black neg. (-).

The control boxes for EVC-operating unit and D.A.H. are fitted in the tractor cabin at a convenient place. Tapping screws can be used for mounting.

The wires must have a cross sectional area of at least 4.0 mm to ensure sufficient power supply. For the EVC-operating unit the tractor circuit should have an 8 Amp fuse and for the D.A.H. a 16 Amp fuse.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Control box for</th>
<th>Polarity (wire colour)</th>
<th>Required Fuse, Amp</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EVC operating unit</td>
<td>Brown</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.A.H. Hydraulic</td>
<td>White</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MANIFOLD valve</td>
<td>Brown</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Use the HARDI Electric distribution box (No. 817925) if the tractor has a doubtful power supply.
Sprayer setup

Brakes

Emergency and parking brake (if fitted)
The parking brake lever has two function modes, which are determined by the small pawl control clip (A).

To change between the two modes, turn the clip.

Pos. 1: The pawl control clip must point away from the pawl.

Pos. 2: The pawl control clip must rest against the pawl.

To disengage the parking brake:
1. Set pawl control clip in pos. 1.
2. Pull the lever a little forward to release the pawl from the ratchet and then push the lever fully backwards.

To engage the parking brake:
1. Set pawl control clip in pos. 2.
2. Pull the lever firmly forwards until parking brake is fully engaged.

Emergency brake
1. Set clip in pos. 2.
2. Attach the rope from the hole in top of the handbrake lever (B) to e.g. the tractor top link attaching point. If the sprayer is accidentally unhooked during transport the rope will apply the parking brake before the rope breaks.

IMPORTANT! To ensure safe engagement and to avoid damages to the parking brake use rope with an ultimate stress between 690 N (155 lb.) and 785 N (176 lb.).

Hydraulic activated brakes (if fitted)
This requires a special trailer brake valve attached to the tractor hydraulic and brake system. Connect the snap coupler to the tractor brake outlet. When the tractor brakes are applied, the trailer brakes will work proportionally to the tractor brakes, and ensure safe and effective braking.

- **WARNING!** Do not connect the brakes directly to the tractor hydraulics without the brake valve. The trailer brake power cannot be controlled, and braking will therefore be hazardous.

**IMPORTANT!** Max. oil pressure is 150 bar (2175 p.s.i.) in the brake line. Relieve parking brake before driving.

Air activated brakes (if fitted)
This system requires a tractor with compressor and air brake system with outlet(s) for trailer brakes.

**IMPORTANT!** The load apportioning valve must be set at the position corresponding to the load on the trailer, for obtaining optimal air pressure to the trailer brakes.

- = Relieved
- = Half full tank
- = Empty tank
- = Full tank

**WARNING!** Driving with wrong load apportioning valve setting, will make the brakes under- or over-apply, which can cause hazardous situations.

**NOTE!** If the air hose(s) are disconnected with air in the brake air tank, control pressure will be dumped and the brakes will engage fully. If the sprayer must be moved with air in the tank and without the air hose(s) connected to the tractor, the load apportioning valve must be set at “relieved” to disengage the brakes. Remember to reset the handle to brake position again afterwards. When parking the sprayer, always engage the parking brake, as the air brakes will only be engaged as long as there is air in the tank! Cover the couplings with the dust flaps when hoses are disconnected.
**Sprayer setup**

**Single-line brakes (if fitted)**
Flip the snap coupler protection flap away and connect the brake system snap coupler to the tractor outlet (black) and let the compressor fill the sprayer's air reservoir.

Check brake circuit for leaks.

**Dual-line brakes (if fitted)**
Flip the snap coupler protection flaps away and connect the two snap couplers for supply and control to the tractor outlets, and check brake circuits for leaks.

The couplers are colour coded and secured against incorrect attachment:

- Red = Supply line (RH)
- Yellow= Control line (LH)

Relieve parking brake before driving
Counter weight (TRACKER models only)
To improve stability on TRACKER models, extra weight can be added by means of liquid-filled tyres.

The standard tyre valve is an universal air-water valve.

The tyres can be filled with liquid to max. 75% of their total volume. The table below indicates the 75% volume.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tyre size</th>
<th>Max. litres of liquid per tyre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9.5 x 44”</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5 x 48”</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.2 x 44”</td>
<td>133</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.2 x 48”</td>
<td>144</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.4 x 46”</td>
<td>178</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.9 x 38”</td>
<td>285</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.4 x 38”</td>
<td>390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.8 x 38”</td>
<td>466</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 litre ≈ 0.264 US Gal.  1 litre ≈ 0.22 Imp. Gal.

Use a mixture of water and CaCl₂ to avoid frost damage as described in table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CaCl₂ per litre water</th>
<th>Protection to</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>200 g (7.1 oz)</td>
<td>-15°C (30.6°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300 g (10.6 oz)</td>
<td>-25°C (12.6°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>435 g (15.4 oz)</td>
<td>-35°C (-5.4°F)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WARNING! It is very important that the CaCl₂ is added to the water and agitated until it is fully dissolved. Never pour water on to CaCl₂! If you get CaCl₂ in the eyes, flush instantly with cold water for at least 5 minutes and seek medical advice afterwards.

IMPORTANT! The tyres must be liquid filled to max. 75% of total tyre volume. Fill only the qty. of liquid necessary to obtain sufficient stability of the sprayer. Do not fill liquid and CaCl₂ mixture in tyres without tubes!

To fill the tyres:
1. Jack up the wheel and rotate wheel till the valve is positioned at “12 o’clock”.
2. Remove the valve body and fill liquid until it reaches the valve.
3. When surplus liquid is drained through the valve stem fit the valve body again.
4. Adjust tyre pressure and lower the wheel. (Please refer to table for correct tyre pressure).

Recommended tyre pressure:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tyre size</th>
<th>Recommended inflation pressure in bar (p.s.i.)</th>
<th>Minimum Load Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RC 95</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230/95 R44 (9.5 x 44)</td>
<td>3.6 (52)</td>
<td>134/145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230/95 R48 (9.5 x 48)</td>
<td>3.6 (52)</td>
<td>136/147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>270/95 R44 (11.2 x 44)</td>
<td>3.6 (52)</td>
<td>140/151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>270/95 R48 (11.2 x 48)</td>
<td>3.6 (52)</td>
<td>142/153</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.4 x 46</td>
<td>3.6 (52)</td>
<td>147/158</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.9 x 38</td>
<td>1.6 (23)</td>
<td>141/152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.4 x 38</td>
<td>1.6 (23)</td>
<td>147/144</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.8 x 38</td>
<td>1.2 (18)</td>
<td>154/151</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE! When filling the tyres the valve should be positioned at 12 o’clock and when adjusting the tyre pressure, the valve should be positioned at 6 o’clock.

To empty the tyres:
1. Rotate wheel till the valve is positioned at “6 o’clock.”
2. Remove the valve body and let out the liquid. Retain liquid in an appropriate container.
3. To empty the tyre completely the tyre is inflated and a thin drain tube is lead to the bottom of the tyre. The air pressure will now empty the remaining liquid.
4. Remove the drain tube, fit the valve and inflate the tyre to specified pressure. See the table “Tyre pressure”.

NOTE! Disposal of CaCl₂ has to take place according to local legislation.
Sprayer setup

**Transport**

**Roadworthiness**
When driving on public roads and other areas where the highway code applies, or areas where there are special rules and regulations for marking and lights on implements, observe these and equip implements accordingly.

**NOTE!** Max. driving speed is 25 km/h for models without brakes and 40 km/h for models equipped with brakes.

**Rear lights (if fitted)**
Connect plug for rear lights to the tractor’s 7-pin socket, and check function of rear lights, stop lights and direction indicators on both sides before driving.

The wiring is in accordance with ISO 1724. See section on Technical specifications.

Before transport on public roads the front warning boards with position lamps must be folded out (fitted in certain countries only).

**Boom transport safety chain (if fitted)**
Fit the safety chains as shown below before transport on public road.

**Stop wedges (if fitted)**
Before driving, remove the stop wedges and place them in the storage brackets.

**Transport brackets, height setting**
The transport brackets can be set in different positions. Thereby it is possible to obtain different transport heights and suitable clearance above various tractor cabins.

When changing the setting of the transport brackets it is done as a combination of adjusting the transport brackets themselves (1) and adjusting the transport locks (2). Always choose a transport height as low as possible.

1. **Transport brackets**
The transport bracket can be set at three different positions A, B or C. Loosen the bolt to change position and replace it according to new setting. The setting must be identical on both sides.

2. **Transport lock**
To change position:

1. Lift and unfold inner sections till lock is disengaged.
2. Loosen and remove the two bolts, which keep the parts A and B assembled.
3. Reassemble A and B according to desired hole combination.

**NOTE!** Always use both bolts to assemble the lock. The setting must be identical on both sides.

**NOTE!** The rear settings must correspond to the front settings so the boom is resting on the front as well as rear brackets.

**WARNING!** The max. transport height must never exceed 4.0 m (13.1 ft.). Always measure the actual total height and choose settings not exceeding 4.0 m.
**Sprayer setup**

**Transport lock**
When the boom is unfolded: Inspect the gap between the bolt A and the frame. Correct position = 1 mm gap.

If necessary, adjust the position of bolt A.
Sprayer setup

**Driving Technique**
**STEER TRACK and SELF TRACK**
A trailer with articulating drawbar (TRACKER) behaves differently than a normal trailer.

In tracking position the vehicle centre of gravity is displaced further more compared to the vehicle centre line of a normal trailer.

Compared to a conventional trailer a TRACKER has decreased stability when turning, especially when turning on hillsides.

To avoid overbalancing, pay attention to these guidelines:

1. Avoid sudden, tight turns
2. Slow down before entering a curve or turning, and drive with a constant, low speed during the turn.
3. Never slow down too fast, never brake heavily and never stop suddenly in a curve, or when turning on a hillside, when the sprayer is articulated.
4. Be careful when turning on uneven ground
5. Set the track gauge as wide as possible
6. The proper function of the hydraulic damping is essential to obtain good stability
7. Keep stabiliser chains on the tractor’s liftarms tight
8. For safety reasons, the following limitations are set for TRACKERS (with unfolded booms):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Speed by turning, max.</th>
<th>4 km/h (2.5 m.p.h.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ground inclination by turning, max.</td>
<td>8°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Track gauge, min.</td>
<td>Please see the part &quot;Track gauge&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE! HARDI cannot undertake any responsibility for any damages caused by the sprayer tipping over.**

**STEER TRACK**
(If the sprayer is equipped with HARDI NOVA, please see separate instruction book).

The articulating drawbar on STEER TRACK is to be operated manually via the D.A.H.

The switch on the D.A.H. control box is pushed sideways to articulate the drawbar.

This is used when turning or as track correction when driving on slopes.
Sprayer setup

SELF TRACK
The SELF TRACK is always in tracking mode.

The SELF TRACK drawbar will always articulate when the tractor is turning and follow the tractor rear wheels.

The SELF TRACK drawbar is hydraulically damped to obtain stable trailing.

⚠️ WARNING! Always drive the SELF TRACK very carefully on public roads, and be aware of the sprayer’s behaviour. Slow down before turning, to avoid the vehicle from tipping over.

TRAIL CONTROL
Please see separate instruction book.
Sprayer setup

Equipment - Standard and Additional

Ladder

**Down:** Pull the handle A to disengage the locking device and drag down the ladder while supporting it by both handles (B + C)

**Up:** The ladder will lock automatically when it is fully retracted.

**NOTE!** Always retract the ladder before driving.

If necessary, grease the slide bars to make the ladder slide smoother.

Platform

Access to the platform is possible via the ladder.

Hydraulic and electric components are situated underneath the platform floor. By lifting the platform floor, these components are accessible. Also the clean water tank is integrated in the platform.

The platform gives access to the clean water tank lid, the main tank lid, the top mounted suction filter and the self-cleaning filter, which is situated behind the wicket A on the backside of the MANIFOLD system.

Tank level indicator

The actual tank level in the main tank can be observed on the tank level indicator B. The scale is displayed in litres or Imp. gal/US gal. (certain countries).

Large storage Locker (if fitted)

The locker A can be mounted on the sprayer’s right side acting as a storage for sealed pesticide containers. The locker is fitted to a mounting B, which is bolted to the frame of the trailer.

A drain in the bottom makes it possible to clean and drain the locker in case of leak by pesticide containers.

Small storage Locker (if fitted)

The locker A can be mounted next to the HARDI FILLER. It is for the purpose of storing pesticide containers in use, nozzles, calibration and compound equipment. The locker is fitted to a mounting B, which is bolted to the frame of the trailer.

A drain in the bottom makes it possible to clean and drain the locker in case of leak by pesticide containers.

Front Locker (if fitted)

The locker is mounted to the front of the platform. It is for the purpose of storing non-contaminated protective gear, soap for hand washing etc.

The locker is split in two compartments for the separation of clean clothes from gloves with risk of contamination.
A soap dispenser can be fitted in a device on the inside of the locker door.

IMPORTANT! Although this locker is situated in the non-contaminated zone of the sprayer and is meant for storing nontoxic items, it must never be used for storing food, beverage or other things meant for consumption.

**Boom and Work lights (if fitted)**

The 2 boom light lamps A are mounted to the railing of the platform (one at each side) and are positioned to lighten both boom wings.

The work light lamp B is also mounted to the railing of the platform above the MANIFOLD valves. This lamp is positioned to lighten the HARDI FILLER + the MANIFOLD system.

It is recommended to switch the rear lights of the tractor in order to save power consumption and to avoid reflection.

Power supply is via the 7-pin socket. Please see the Installation Instruction in the part Technical specifications.

**Selector switch**

When mounting the selector switch A it is simply “clicked” into the cutout in the frame below the MANIFOLD valves an is thereby fastened to the frame.

The switch has three positions:

1. Boom lights ON
2. Lights OFF (neutral)
3. Work light ON

**Connection box**

The connection box is to be mounted underneath the platform floor.

1. Lift the platform floor
2. Open the connection box and mount the flat part of the box (A) by 4 screw to the 4 predrilled holes in the platform floor.
Sprayer setup

Crop protection Kit (if fitted)
The kit consists of sheet, straw dividers and wheel brake covers.

Sheet
The PVC sheet is fitted underneath the trailer and covers the undercarriage of the chassis.

Wheel brake covers
A wheel brake cover A can be mounted in order to cover the brake.

The sheet is lead through guiding rails fastened on both sides of the trailer.

Each cutout in the shield is then fastened with a matching locking device, which are mounted along the lower part of the sprayer.

Drag the split, twist it 90° and drop the split again to lock it.

Strawdividers
A strawdivider can be fitted on each trailer wheel.
Mudguards can be fitted on the trailer wheels by means of a supporting frame which is bolted to a mounting on the wheel axle.

Mudguards are available for all wheel configurations.
Sprayer setup

**Disconnecting the sprayer**
Always clean the sprayer - inside and outside - before disconnecting and parking it.

**Support leg**
Before disconnecting from the tractor, make sure the support leg is properly fitted and secured by linch pin.

The support leg is stored in the bracket on the right side of the trailer when the sprayer is attached to the tractor. To remove the support leg: Lift the leg, remove the linch pin and pull out the support leg.

**WARNING!** To prevent the sprayer from tipping over, do not disconnect the sprayer from the tractor with the booms unfolded unless the boom is supported!

Always engage the parking brake (if fitted).

If no parking brake is fitted, or if local regulations requires so, place stop wedges in front of and behind the wheels.

Remember to disconnect all hoses and cables from the tractor.

**WARNING!** If the sprayer is parked unattended avoid unauthorised persons, children and animals from having access to the sprayer.

**Transmission shaft support**
The transmission shaft rests on the bracket A when not in use (Low hitch models).

At High hitch models the transmission shaft is placed in the hook underneath the drawbar when not in use.
Operation

Operating instructions
Operating the boom

WARNING! Before unfolding the boom it is important to connect the tractor to prevent overbalancing of the sprayer.

DANGER! When folding and unfolding the boom, be sure that no persons or objects are in the operating area of the boom and that the boom cannot touch any electrical conductors.

OLH boom and OLV boom

Boom manoeuvring:

A. Unfolding/folding of the left outer section
B. Unfolding/folding of the inner section
C. Unfolding/folding of the right outer section
D. Pendulum locking device
E. Boom Tilt, left side (OLH only)
F. Boom Tilt, right side (OLH only)
G. Boom lift, up/down
H. Slanting control, pendulum
I. Drawbar mode (STEER TRACK only)

Unfolding of OLH and OLV boom

To unfold the boom, carry out following procedure:

1. Push boom lift switch G up-wards to lift the boom clear of the rear transport brackets.

NOTE! Ensure that the booms are clear from the transport brackets before unfolding is proceeded.

2. Lift the right and left boom parts by activating the boom tilt function, switch E and F.
3. Push switch B to unfold the inner sections completely.
4. Push switch A and C to unfold outer sections completely.
5. Push switch G down-wards to lower the boom to approximately 50 cm above crop- or ground level.
6. Unlock the pendulum suspension by pushing switch D upwards.

NOTE! The upper functions (in the red rectangle with STOP sign) must only be operated when the sprayer is stationary. Failure to do so will damage the boom!

Folding of OLH and OLV boom

When folding the boom, carry out following procedure:

1. Raise boom lift G to upper position.
2. Check that trapeze slanting control is in levelled to middle position - if not correct by activating switch H.
3. Lock pendulum locking device by pushing switch D downwards.
4. Fold outer sections, A and C.
5. Lift up right and left hand side boom by activating right and left boom tilt, E and F.
6. Fold inner sections by activating switch B.
7. Lower boom lift, G, until boom rests on rear transport brackets.
8. Lower right and left boom side until they touches the front transport brackets, by activating boom tilt E and F.

OLS boom

The OLS boom is equipped with I.A.H. system. The boom is operated via a joystick, mounted to the tractor’s remote control lever in the tractor cabin.

This joystick must be connected to:

1. The hydraulic system
2. The power supply

On top of the joystick is placed a label, which refers to the four function buttons of the joystick.
Operation

1. Pendulum locking device
2. Slanting control
3. Unfolding/folding of inner sections
4. Unfolding/folding of outer sections

To unfold the OLS boom:

1. Lead the joystick forward/backward\(^1\) to lift the boom clear of the transport brackets. Keep the joystick in this position while performing the following steps.

**NOTE!** Ensure that the booms are clear of the transport brackets, before unfolding is proceeded.

2. Press button 3 to unfold inner sections completely.
3. Press button 4 to unfold outer sections completely.
4. Lower the boom lift to correct working height (appr. 50 cm (20 in) above ground or crop).
5. Unlock the pendulum by activating button 1.

To fold the OLS boom:

1. Raise boom lift to upper position by leading the joystick forwards/backwards\(^1\)
2. Check that the slanting control is in neutral position (midway) - if not, correct it by activating button 2.
3. Lock pendulum locking device by pushing button 1.
4. Press button 4 to unfold outer sections.
5. Press button 3 to unfold inner sections.
6. Lower boom lift until boom rests in the transport brackets.

**WARNING!** When driving on public roads the tractor hydraulic remote control levers must be locked to avoid unintended unfolding of the boom.

**NOTE!** The boom must only be unfolded/folded when the vehicle is stationary. Failure to do so will damage the boom!

---

\(^1\) The direction of the oil flow determines whether the joystick makes the boom move forward or backward. To alter the direction of these movements, either switch the hydraulic hoses around or set the control lever in the opposite position.

---

Adjusting the pendulum effect (OLH/OLV/OLS)

The pendulum effect can be adjusted to match the local topography. For this purpose the 2 bottom steering arms can be locked in two different positions.

**IMPORTANT!** Only loosen and change position of one steering arm at the time; never loosen both arms simultaneously.

**POSITION 1:**
The boom is free and will optimize the suspension towards horizontal.
Use position 1 when spraying flat country.

**POSITION 2:**
The boom follows the movements of the tractor to a higher extend.
Use position 2 when spraying hilly land.

**NOTE!** Choose the same position (1 or 2) for both steering arms.
Operation

Operating the liquid system
MANIFOLD SYSTEM
The MANIFOLD SYSTEM is located at the left side of the sprayer and permits operation of the liquid system from one position. The sprayer can be equipped with either a conventional liquid system or a High Capacity Fluid system. The operation of the liquid system is identical for both systems.

The modular MANIFOLD system facilitates the addition of up to two optional extras - equal to four functions - on the pressure side and one extra - equal to two functions - on the suction side.

Function diagram - conventional liquid system
1. Suction filter
2. Suction manifold (black)
3. Double pump
4. Pressure manifold (green)
5. Agitation
6. Without agitation
   (pressure equalisation)
7. HARDI MATIC
8. Return line
   (Self-cleaning filter)
9. Self-Cleaning Filter
10. Safety valve
11. Distribution valves
12. Return from Pressure Equalisation
13. Sprayer boom
14. Pressure gauge
15. Rinsing tank

Function diagram - High Capacity Fluid System (HCFS)
1. Suction filter
2. Suction manifold (black)
3. Pump
4. Pressure manifold (green)
5. Agitation
6. Without agitation
   (pressure equalisation)
7. HARDI MATIC
8. Return line
   (Self-cleaning filter)
9. Self-Cleaning Filter
10. Safety valve
11. Distribution valves
12. Return from Pressure Equalisation
13. Sprayer boom
14. Pressure gauge

The High Capacity Liquid System is available for booms with a minimum size of 28 m working width. The HCFS is provided with a double pump (two 463 pumps joined with a clutch). The pumps have parallel outlet and feeding. The HCFS is also provided with two self-cleaning filters, operated simultaneously via the yellow disc on the MANIFOLD system. The EVC operating unit is split into two units. Tubes are made of stainless steel.
Operation

Use of MANIFOLD valve system
The following pictograms and colours are used for visualizing the functions of the MANIFOLD valves:

| Green disc = Pressure valve |
| Black disc = Suction valve |
| Yellow disc = Self-cleaning filter |

A function is activated/opened by turning the handle towards the desired function.

**Pictograms - Green disc (pressure)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Pictogram</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Self-cleaning filter / Operating unit</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pictogram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fast filling device</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pictogram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HARDI FILLER</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pictogram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agitation *</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pictogram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without agitation</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pictogram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tank flushing nozzle</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pictogram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To main tank</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pictogram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spray gun</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pictogram" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Yellow disc (self-cleaning filter)**

The disc has two positions, open or closed.

**Pictograms - Black disc (suction)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Pictogram</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Suction from main tank</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pictogram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rinsing tank</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pictogram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filling device</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pictogram" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Agitation**

Normally, Agitation should be on but please refer to the following rules of thumb:

1. Choose “Without Agitation” if a high level of effervescence occurs in order to reduce the amount of foam.

2. Choose “Agitation” when using powder chemicals in order to avoid sedimentation.

3. Close the valve if spraying with a high volume and it is impossible to achieve sufficient pressure.

The valves and functions may vary from machine to machine depending on optional equipment fitted. Only the functions in use must be open - always close remaining valves.
To operate the spraying functions:
- Turn the handle on a green pressure valve towards the function desired
- Turn the handle on a black suction valve towards the desired function
- Close all remaining valves by setting the handle(s) on “O”

NOTE! If a MANIFOLD valve is too tight to operate - or if it is too loose (= liquid leakage), the 3-way-valve needs to be serviced. Please see the part “Occasional maintenance - Adjustment of 3-way-valve” for further information.

Electric operated MANIFOLD valves (if fitted)
One or more MANIFOLD valve(s) can be electrically operated via a control box in the tractor cab. These can only be operated manually when the power to the valve motor is disconnected first.

Quick reference
A quick reference - consisting of two labels - is accompanying this book (order no. 978055).

The labels are meant to be fastened to the frame near to the MANIFOLD SYSTEM for easy “in field” operation of the valves.

Filling of water
Water can be filled into the main tank in five ways:

1. Filled through tank lid.
2. Filled by diaphragm pump through a suction side fitted filling device (optional extra) using normal pump capacity directly to the tank.
3. Filled by diaphragm pump through a pressure side fitted injector/venturi type Fast Filling Device (optional extra) providing up to 3 times normal pump capacity.
4. Combination of 2 and 3.
5. Quick coupler for external filling

The tank should normally be filled 1/3 with water, before adding the chemicals - always read instruction on chemical container!

NOTE! Max. permitted tank contents:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Volume, water</th>
<th>Volume, liquid fertilisers*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Litre</td>
<td>Imp. gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2200 l</td>
<td>2200</td>
<td>484</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2800 l</td>
<td>2800</td>
<td>616</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3200 l</td>
<td>3200</td>
<td>704</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4200 l</td>
<td>4200</td>
<td>924</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Based on liquid fertilisers with specific gravity 1.3

1. Filling through tank lid
Remove tank lid and fill water through strainer to prevent rust or other particles to enter the tank.

An overhead tank can be used in order to obtain high filling capacity.

It is recommended to use as clean water as possible for spraying purposes.

WARNING! DO NOT LET FILLING HOSE ETC. ENTER THE TANK. KEEP IT OUTSIDE THE TANK, POINTING TOWARDS THE FILLING HOLE.

IF THE HOSE IS LEAD TO THE BOTTOM OF THE TANK, AND THE WATER PUMP AT THE WATER SUPPLY PLANT STOPS, CHEMICALS CAN BE SI-PHONED BACK AND CONTAMINATE THE WATER SUPPLY LINES.
2. Suction Filling Device (if fitted)

**WARNING!** Avoid contamination or personal injury. Do not open suction valve towards Suction Filling Device unless pump is running and filling hose is connected. If this valve is opened without pump running, liquid will stream out of the MANIFOLD.

The Suction Filling Device is operated as follows:

1. Remove cover A, and connect suction hose B to Suction Manifold.
2. Engage diaphragm pump and set P.T.O. revolutions at 540 r/min or 1000 r/min (depending on pump model).
3. Turn handle on Suction Manifold towards Filling Device.

![Diagram of Suction Filling Device]

4. The tank is now filled with water. Keep an eye on the liquid level indicator.
5. Turn handle on Suction Manifold away from Filling Device to discontinue filling process. Then disengage pump.
6. Disconnect suction tube B and replace cover.

**NOTE!** Observe local legislation regarding use of Filling Device. In some areas it is prohibited to fill from open water reservoirs (lakes, rivers etc.). It is recommended only to fill from closed reservoirs (mobile water tanks etc.) to avoid contamination.

**WARNING!** If suction hose/filter is carried on the sprayer during spraying, it can be contaminated by spray drift which will be transferred to lake/river when filling!

3. Fast Filling Device (if fitted)

The Fast Filling Device is operated as follows:

1. Ensure spray liquid tank contains at least 50 litres of water.
2. Remove cover (A) and connect suction hose (B).
3. Turn handle on Pressure Manifold towards Fast Filler. With the P.T.O. at 540 r/min or 1000 r/min (depending on pump model), the pressure gauge should indicate about 10 bar.
4. If water is not seen in the transfer tube, prime by turning valve (C).
5. Keep an eye on the liquid level indicator.
6. Turn handle on Pressure Manifold away from Fast Filler to discontinue filling process.

**NOTE:** Turn handle towards operating unit **before** turning away from Fast Filler in order to avoid peak pressure blowing the safety valve!

7. Disconnect suction tube (B) and replace cover.
Operation

4. Filling device and Fast filling device used simultaneously

The Filling Device and the Fast Filling Device can be used simultaneously - this gives even bigger filling capacity.

![Diagram of Filling Device and Fast Filling Device]

**WARNING:** Do not leave the sprayer whilst refilling the tank, and keep an eye on the level gauge in order NOT to overfill the tank!

**NOTE!** Observe local legislation regarding use of Filling Device. In some areas it is prohibited to fill from open water reservoirs (lakes, rivers etc.). It is recommended only to fill from closed reservoirs (mobile water tanks etc.) to avoid contamination.

**WARNING!** If suction hose/filter is carried on the sprayer during spraying, it can be contaminated by spray drift, which will be transferred to lake/river when filling!

5. Quick coupler for external filling

![Quick Coupler Image]

The quick coupler is operated as follows

1. Fit the external water hose to the quick coupler on the trailer.
3. Turn handle on Pressure Manifold towards Main tank.
4. Turn handle on Suction Manifold towards Filling device.

5. Depending on the chemical in question, the Pressure Manifold can be set on “Agitation”. If no agitation is needed, this valve must be closed.

6. Engage the P.T.O. and start the pump.

**WARNING:** Do not leave the sprayer whilst refilling the tank, and keep an eye on the level gauge in order NOT to overfill the tank!

Filling of rinsing tank (if fitted)

The rinsing tank is situated under the main tank. Only fill this tank with clean water.

The rinsing tank is filled through the inlet, situated beneath the Suction Manifold valves. Water can be filled directly through the inlet - or through a socket piece A (optional equipment) connected to a water hose.

![Rinsing Tank Image]

**Rinsing tank capacity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Litre</th>
<th>Imp. Gal</th>
<th>US Gal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2200/2800</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3200/4200</td>
<td>460</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A water level indicator (limpid hose with floating ball) is situated beneath the platform.

![Water Level Indicator Image]
**Operation**

**Filling of clean water tank**

The clean water tank is integrated in the platform and has a capacity of 30 l. Access to the tank lid is possible from the platform. Only fill this tank with clean water from the well.

The water from this tank is for hand washing, cleaning of clogged nozzles etc. The tap is centrally situated in near reach from the MANIFOLD valves and is opened/closed by a handle.

**WARNING!** Although the clean water tank is only filled with clean, it must never be used for drinking.

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**Adjustment of EVC operating unit**

**Operating unit - conventional liquid system**

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**Operating unit - HCFS**

The operating unit is split in two units. Liquid is lead into these via a T-piece.

Both the conventional liquid system and the HCFS is operated by the EVC control box.

**Before spraying, the EVC operating unit is adjusted using clean water (without chemicals).**

1. Choose the correct nozzle for the spray job by turning the TRIPLET nozzle bodies. Make sure that all nozzles are the same type and capacity. See the “Spray Technique” book.
2. On-off switch A is activated against green.
3. All distribution valve switches V are activated against green.
4. Pressure regulation switch C is activated until emergency handle stops rotating (minimum pressure).
5. Put the tractor in neutral and adjust the P.T.O. and thereby the number of revolutions of the pump corresponding to the intended travelling speed. Remember the number of revolutions on the P.T.O. must be kept between 300-600 rpm (pump 540 r/min) or 650-1100 rpm (pump 1000 r/min).
6. Pressure regulation switch C is activated until the required pressure is shown on the pressure gauge.

**Adjustment of pressure equalisation**

1. Close the first distribution valve switch V.
2. Turn the adjusting screw(s) until the pressure gauge again shows the same pressure.
3. Adjust the other sections of the distribution valve in the same way.
Operation

NOTE! HEREFORE ADJUSTMENT OF PRESSURE EQUALISATION WILL ONLY BE NEEDED WHEN:

1. YOU CHANGE TO NOZZLES WITH OTHER CAPACITIES
2. THE NOZZLE OUTPUT INCREASES AS THE NOZZLES WEAR

Operating the control unit while spraying
In order to close the entire boom, switch ON/OFF A to off position. This returns the pump output to the tank through the return system.

The diaphragm Non-drip valves ensure instantaneous closing of all nozzles.

In order to close one or more sections of the boom, switch the relevant distribution valve V to off position. The pressure equalisation ensures that the pressure does not rise in the sections which are to remain open.

When the sprayer is put aside, the control box and the multi plug must be protected against moisture and dirt. A plastic bag may be used to protect the multi plug.

Remote pressure gauge (if fitted)
The remote pressure gauge is integrated in the front locker. This gauge measures the working pressure in the boom tubes as close to the nozzles as possible. This pressure reading will always be slightly lower than the reading at the operating unit pressure gauge.

The outputs stated in the nozzle charts are always based on the pressure measured at the nozzle.

Always adjust pressure when calibrating and spraying according to readings at the Remote pressure gauge.

Filters
All filters should always be used and their function checked regularly. The mesh size of the filter in use should always be smaller than the flow average of the nozzles used. Therefore, pay attention to the correct combination of filters, mesh size.

Self-cleaning filter
Operating diagram
1. From pump
2. Double filter screen
3. Guide cone
4. To operating unit
5. Replaceable restrictor
6. Return to tank
7. Screw-joint

The self-cleaning filter(s) is operated via the yellow MANIFOLD valve.

IMPORTANT! The yellow MANIFOLD valve should normally be open, but must be closed in the following cases:

1. If rinsing with water from the rinsing tank and a quantity of spray liquid still remains in the main tank (otherwise the spray liquid will be diluted).
2. If opening the self-cleaning filter(s) and a quantity of spray liquid still remains in the main tank (otherwise there is a risk that spray liquid will flow out).

Choice of correct restrictor
It is important to have a large flow through the filter. This is achieved by choosing the restrictor size in relation to the liquid consumption of the spray boom.

4 restrictors are supplied. Use the green one (largest orifice) first.
The hose **N** is demounted at the self-cleaning filter, the restrictor is put in the hose and the hose is mounted again. If the required working pressure cannot be obtained, the restrictor is too large. Choose a smaller restrictor. Start with a black one, then a white and finally a red one.

When cleaning the filter remove hose **N** and the hose at the safety valve, and check there are no residue. Standard filter size is 80 mesh. Sizes of 50 and 100 mesh are available and can be changed by opening the filter top, and replace the strainer.

Check the O-rings before reassembling the filter and replace if damaged.

**Filling of chemicals**

Chemicals can be filled in the tank in two ways:

1. Through tank lid.
2. By means of HARDI FILLER chemical filling device.

**1. Filling through tank lid**

The chemicals are filled through the tank lid - Note instructions on the chemical container!

**WARNING!** Be careful not to slip or splash chemicals when carrying chemicals up to the tank lid!

1. Make sure the EVC is switched off.
2. Set the MANIFOLD valves to correct position. Black valve “Suction from main tank”, green valve towards “Agitation”

3. Engage the pump and set P.T.O. revolutions to 540 r/min or 1000 r/min (depending on pump model).

**2. Filling by HARDI FILLER chemical inductor**

To get access to the HARDI FILLER, grab the handle and drag the HARDI FILLER the whole way down. Due to the spring loaded suspension, it will stay in this position. After use, it is pushed the whole way up again.

**Filling of Liquid chemicals**

1. Fill the main tank at least 1/2 with water (unless something else is stated on the chemical container label). See section “Filling of water”.
2. Turn the handle at the Suction Manifold towards “Main tank” . Turn green valve
Operation

towards “HARDI FILLER and the other green valve towards agitation. Close remaining valves.
3. Check that bottom valve A at the FILLER is closed.

4. Engage the pump and set P.T.O. speed at 540 r/min or 1000 r/min (depending on pump model).
5. Open FILLER lid.
6. Measure the correct quantity of chemical and fill it into the hopper.

NOTE! The scale in the hopper can only be used if the sprayer is parked at level ground! It is recommended to use a measuring jug for best accuracy.

7. Open the bottom valve A and the chemical is transferred to the main tank.
8. If the chemical container is empty it can be rinsed by the container rinsing device (if fitted). Place the container over the multi-hole nozzle and press the lever B.

WARNING! Do not press lever B unless the multi-hole nozzle is covered by a container to avoid spray liquid hitting the operator.

IMPORTANT! Rinsing device uses spray liquid to rinse containers for concentrated chemicals. Always rinse the chemical containers with clean water several times until they are clean before disposal.

9. Engage the hopper rinsing device by opening valve C.
10. Close valve C again when the hopper is rinsed.

IMPORTANT! The hopper rinsing device is using spray liquid for rinsing the hopper for concentrated chemical! The FILLER must always be cleaned together with the rest of the sprayer when the spray job is done.

11. Close valve A and the FILLER lid again.
12. When the spray liquid is well mixed, turn handle on the Pressure Manifold towards “Spraying” position. Keep P.T.O. engaged so the spray liquid is continuously agitated until it has been sprayed on the crop.

Filling of Powder chemicals
1. Fill the main tank at least 1/2, with water (unless something else is stated on the chemical container label). See section “Filling of water”.
2. Turn the handle at the Suction Manifold towards “Main tank” and green valve towards “Agitation”. Turn the handle at the Pressure Manifold towards “HARDI FILLER”. Close remaining valves.
3. Engage the pump and increase P.T.O. speed to 540 r/min or 1000 r/min (depending on pump model).
4. Open the bottom valve A at the FILLER. Open FILLER lid.
5. Engage the hopper rinsing device by opening valve C.
6. Measure the correct quantity of chemical and sprinkle it into the hopper as fast as the rinsing device can flush it down.
7. If the chemical container is empty it can be rinsed by the container rinsing device (if fitted). Fit the bag bracket and place the powder bag over the multi-hole nozzle and press the lever B.

WARNING! Do not press lever B unless the multi-hole nozzle is covered by a container to avoid spray liquid hitting the operator.

IMPORTANT! Rinsing device uses spray liquid to rinse containers for concentrated chemicals. Always rinse the chemical containers with clean water several times until they are clean before disposal.

9. Close valve C again when the hopper is rinsed.
**Operation**

**IMPORTANT!** The hopper rinsing device is using spray liquid to rinse the hopper for concentrated chemical. The FILLER must always be cleaned together with the rest of the sprayer when the spray job is done.

10. Close valve A and the FILLER lid again.

11. When the spray liquid is well mixed, turn handle on the Pressure Manifold towards “Spraying” position. Keep P.T.O. engaged so the spray liquid is continuously agitated until it has been sprayed on the crop.

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**Use of rinsing tank and rinsing nozzles (if fitted)**

The incorporated rinsing tank can be used for two different purposes.

**A.** In-field diluting of remaining spray liquid residue in the spraying circuit for spraying the liquid in the field, before cleaning the sprayer.

1. Empty the sprayer as much as possible. Turn the green pressure valve towards “No Agitation” and spray till air comes out of all nozzles.
2. Remove the tank filter basket.
3. Turn black suction valve towards “Rinsing tank”.
4. Turn green pressure valves towards “Rinsing nozzle” (if fitted).
5. Engage and set the pump at approx. 300 r.p.m.
6. When rinsing water corresponding to approx. 10 times the spray liquid residue (see paragraph “Technical Residue”) is used, turn black suction valve towards “Suction from main tank” and operate all valves, so all hoses and components are rinsed.
7. Turn green pressure valve back to “Operating unit” and spray liquid in the field you have just sprayed.
8. Repeat point 3-7 until the rinsing tank is empty.

**B.** Rinsing the pump, operating unit, spray lines, etc. in case of stop in spraying before main tank is empty (e.g. beginning rain etc.).

2. Turn black suction valve towards “Rinsing tank”.
3. Turn green pressure valve towards “No Agitation”.
4. Engage the pump and spray water from rinsing tank in the field until all nozzle tubes/nozzles are flushed with clean water.
5. Disengage pump again.
6. Open Self-cleaning filter again.
**WARNING!** The rinsing nozzles cannot always guarantee a 100% cleaning of the tank. Always clean manually with a brush afterwards, especially if crops sensitive to the chemical just sprayed are going to be sprayed afterwards!

**Technical Residue**

Inevitably a quantity of spray liquid will remain in the system. It cannot be sprayed properly on the crop, as the pump takes in air when the tank is about to be empty.

This Technical Residue is defined as the remaining liquid qty. in the system as the first clear pressure drop on the pressure gauge is read.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residue, litre</th>
<th>2200/2800</th>
<th>3200/4200</th>
<th>2200/2800</th>
<th>3200/4200</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dilutable residue(^1)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total residue(^2)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1) Residue in main tank, possible to dilute with water from rinsing tank

2) Total residue in tank and spraying circuit on standard sprayer. Variations due to different ground inclinations etc.

The dilutable residue must be diluted 10 times with clean water and sprayed to the crop just sprayed before cleaning the sprayer - See paragraph “Cleaning”.

**Draining a residue Using the drain valve**

If draining a residue, e.g. liquid fertilisers into a reservoir, a snap coupler with hose can rapidly be connected to the drain valve, and the liquid can be let safely out.

**Using the suction quick coupler**

1. Connect the hose to the suction quick coupler on the trailer (pressure).
2. Turn the green valve towards “External tank”.
3. Turn the black valve towards “Suction from main tank” and close Self-cleaning filter (yellow valve).
4. Engage the P.T.O to start the pump.

**Operation of the drain valves**

**Main tank**

Pull the string at left hand side of the tank to open the drain valve. The valve is spring-loaded but can be kept open by pulling the string out and upwards in the V-shaped slit.

To release and close the drain valve again pull the string downwards and the valve will close automatically.
Operation

**Rinsing tank**
To avoid algae developing in the rinsing tank always drain the rinsing tank when the sprayer is not in use for a long period.

**Spray Technique - see separate book**

**Safety precautions**

⚠️ Always be careful when working with crop protection chemicals!

**Personal protection**
Dependant on which type of chemical used, the following protective clothing/equipment should be used:

- Gloves
- Waterproof boots
- Headgear
- Respirator
- Safety goggles
- Chemical resistant overall

This equipment should be worn to avoid contact with the chemicals.

⚠️ Protective clothing/equipment should be used when preparing the spray liquid, during the spraying work and when cleaning the sprayer. Also follow the recommendations on the chemical label.

⚠️ It is always advisable to have clean water available, especially when filling the sprayer with the chemical.

⚠️ Always clean the sprayer carefully and immediately after use.

⚠️ Do not mix different chemicals in the tank.

⚠️ Always clean the sprayer before changing to another chemical.
Maintenance

Maintenance - rules of thumb
In order to derive full benefit from the sprayer for many years the following service and maintenance program should be followed.

IMPORTANT! Always read the individual paragraphs. Read instructions for service/maintenance jobs carefully before starting on the job. If any portion remains unclear or requires facilities which are not available, then for safety reasons please leave the job to your HARDI dealer’s workshop.

Cleaning the sprayer
Guidelines
1. Read the whole chemical label. Take note of any particular instructions regarding recommended protective clothing, deactivating agents, etc. Read the detergent and deactivating agent labels. If cleaning procedures are given, follow them closely.

2. Be familiar with local legislation regarding disposal of pesticides washings, mandatory decontamination methods, etc. Contact the appropriate department, e.g. Dept. of Agriculture.

3. Pesticide washings can usually be sprayed out on a soakaway. This is an area of ground that is not used for cropping. You must avoid seepage or runoff of residue into streams, water courses, ditches, wells, springs, etc. The washings from the cleaning area must not enter sewers. Drainage must lead to an approved soakaway.

4. Cleaning starts with the calibration, as a well calibrated sprayer will ensure the minimal amount of remaining spray liquid.

5. It is good practice to clean the sprayer immediately after use and thereby rendering the sprayer safe and ready for the next pesticide application. This also prolongs the life of the components.

6. It is sometimes necessary to leave spray liquid in the tank for short periods, e.g. overnight, or until the weather becomes suitable for spraying again. Unauthorised persons and animals must not have access to the sprayer under these circumstances.

7. If the product applied is corrosive, it is recommended to coat all metal parts of the sprayer before and after use with a suitable rust inhibitor.

Remember:

Clean sprayers are safe sprayers.
Clean sprayers are ready for action.
Clean sprayers cannot be damaged by pesticides and their solvents.

Cleaning the tank
1. Dilute remaining spray liquid in the tank with at least 10 parts of water and spray the liquid out in the field you have just sprayed - See paragraph “Use of rinsing tank and rinsing nozzles”.

NOTE: It is advisable to increase the forward speed (double if possible) and reduce the pressure to 1.5 bar (20 psi).

2. Select and use the appropriate protective clothing. Select detergent suitable for cleaning and suitable deactivating agents if necessary.

3. Rinse and clean sprayer and tractor externally. Use detergent if necessary.

4. Remove tank and suction filters and clean. Be careful not to damage the mesh. Replace suction filter top. Replace filters when the sprayer is completely clean.

5. With the pump running, rinse the inside of the tank. Remember the tank roof. Rinse and operate all components and any equipment that has been in contact with the chemical.

Before opening the distribution valves and spraying the liquid out, decide whether this should be done in the field again or on the soakaway.

6. After spraying the liquid out, stop the pump and fill at least 1/4 of the tank with clean water. Note that some chemicals require the tank to be completely filled. Add appropriate detergent and/or deactivating agent, e.g. washing soda or Triple ammonia.

NOTE! If a cleaning procedure is given on the chemical label, follow it closely.

7. Start the pump and operate all controls enabling the liquid to come in contact with all the components. Leave the distribution valves until last. Some detergents and deactivating agents work best if left in the tank for a short period. Check the label. The Self-Cleaning Filter can be flushed by removing the bypass hose from the bottom of the filter. Stop the pump and remove the hose. Start the pump for a few seconds to flush filter. Be careful not to lose the restrictor nozzle.

8. Drain the tank and let the pump run dry. Rinse inside of the tank, again letting the pump run dry.

9. Stop the pump. If the pesticides used have a tendency to block nozzles and filters, remove and clean them now. Also check for sediment on the pressure side of the safety valve for the Self-Cleaning Filter.
10. Replace all the filters and nozzles and store the sprayer. If, from previous experiences, it is noted that the solvents in the pesticide are particularly aggressive, store the sprayer with the tank lid open.

**NOTE!** If the sprayer is cleaned with a high pressure cleaner lubrication of the entire machine is recommended.

**Cleaning and maintenance of filters**

Clean filters ensure:

- Sprayer components such as valves, diaphragms and operating unit are not hindered or damaged during operation.
- Nozzle blockages do not occur whilst spraying.
- Long life of the pump. A blocked suction filter will result in pump cavitation.

The main filter protecting sprayer components is the suction filter at the top of the tank. Check it regularly.
Maintenance

Lubrication
Recommended lubrication is shown in this table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lubricating points</th>
<th>Lubricant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ball bearings</td>
<td>A Universal Lithium grease, NLGI No. 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SHELL RETINAX EP2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CASTROL LMX GREASE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slide bearings</td>
<td>B Lithium grease with</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Molybdenumdisulphide or graphite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SHELL RETINAX HDM2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CASTROL MOLYMAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil lub. points</td>
<td>C TOTAL Transmission TM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SAE 80W90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CASTROL EPX 80W90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SHELL SPIRAX 80W90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MOBIL MOBILUBE 80W90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Always store lubricants clean, dry and cool - preferably at a constant temperature - to avoid contamination from dirt and condensed water.

Keep oil filling jugs, hoppers and grease guns clean, and clean the lubricating points thoroughly before lubricating.

Avoid skin contact with oil products for longer periods.

**NOTE!** If the sprayer is cleaned with a high pressure cleaner or fertiliser has been used, lubrication of all sections is recommended.

Lubricating points

**Boom**

[Diagram of Boom]

**Trailer**

[Diagram of Trailer]
1. Double pump (HCFS only)

2. [Diagram showing A - 10h, B - 50h, and C - 50h]

3. All models

4. [Diagram showing A - 200h, B - 10h, and C - 50h]
5 **Without suspension**

5 **With suspension**
Maintenance

6

7

8

9

10

B - 50h

C - 50h

B - 50h

C - 50h

B - 50h

C - 500h
Maintenance

Service and Maintenance Intervals

10 hours service

1. Suction filter, clean
2. Self-cleaning filter, check and clean gauze if necessary
3. In-line filters, clean
4. Nozzle filters, clean
5. Spraying circuit, check for leaks
6. Brakes Air tank, drain
7. Brakes, check
8. Retighten bolts (suspension only)

50 hours service

Do all previous mentioned +

1. Wheel bolts and nuts, tighten
2. Air brakes, check
3. Expansion bottle (SELF TRACK only), check air pressure
4. Transmission shaft, check
5. Tyre pressure, check

100 hours service

Do all previous mentioned +

1. Fixed drawbar, check/adjust

250 hours service

Do all previous mentioned +

1. Wheel bearings, check
2. Parking brake, inspect
3. Wheel brake, adjust
4. Air brake filters, clean
5. Hydraulic brakes, inspect
6. Hydraulic circuit, check
7. Expansion bottle (SELF TRACK only), check oil level
8. Hoses and tubes, check
9. Readjustment of the boom

1000 hours service or yearly, whichever comes first

Do all previous mentioned +

1. Wheel bearings and brakes, check
2. Transmission shaft, change parts
## Occasional maintenance

- Pump valves and diaphragms renewal
- Cone check/renewal, EVC operating unit
- Cone check/renewal, EVC distribution valve
- Wear bush renewal, boom lift
- Wear bush renewal, drawbar
- Venting the hydraulic damping system (SELF TRACK)
- TRACKER damper pressure setting (SELF TRACK)
- Shock absorbers, inspect
- Level indicator adjustment
- Cord renewal, level indicator
- Seal renewal, drain valve
- Nozzle tubes and fittings
- Replacement of transmission shaft protection guards
- Replacement of transmission shaft cross journals
- Adjustment of 3-way-valve
- Change of bulbs
- Adjustment of slanting control indicator cable
- Change of tyres

⚠️ Always check that all lock nuts are tight after adjustment
**10 hours service**

**1. Suction filter**
To service the suction filter:
1. Pull out the steel clip A.
2. Lift the suction hose fitting B from housing.
3. Filter guide and filter C can now be removed.

To reassemble:
4. Press the guide onto filter end.
5. Place the filter into housing with guide facing up.
6. Ensure the O-ring D on the hose fitting is in good condition and lubricated.
7. Refit the suction hose B and steel clip A.

**2. Self-Cleaning Filter**
1. Unscrew nut A and open filter.
2. Check filter gauze B, clean if necessary
3. Lubricate O-ring C
4. Assemble filter again.

**3. In-Line filter (if fitted)**
If the boom is equipped with In-Line Filters unscrew the filter bowl to inspect and clean the filter.

Alternative filters are available. See section on Technical specifications - Filters and nozzles.

**4. Nozzle filters**
Check and clean.

**5. Spraying circuit**
Fill with clean water, operate all functions and check for leaks using higher spray pressure than normal. Check nozzle spray patterns visually using clean water.

**6. Brakes Air tank**
Drain the air tank for condensed water at the drain valve.

**7. Brakes**
Apply brake pedal and check function of trailer brakes.

**8. Retighten bolts (suspension only)**
Check that these 9 bolts - on each side of the COMMANDER - are tight. Retighten if necessary. Tightening torque: Bolt 1 = 24 Nm (retain nut on the backside of the mounting by a spanner while adjusting bolt 1).

Bolt 2-9: 280 Nm

Bolt 8 and 9 are situated behind the spring.
50 hours service

1. Wheel bolts and nuts
Tighten wheel bolts and nuts as follows with following torque wrench settings:

Wheel hub to rim plate:
490 Nm (362 lbf ft)

Rim plate to rim:
280 + 30 Nm
(207 + 22 lbf ft)

Tightening sequence:
See illustration (1-8).

2. Air brakes
The air brakes are checked for leaks by following procedure:

1. Connect the snap-couplers to the tractor and fill the trailer air tanks.
2. Check for leaks with brakes released.
3. Apply the brake up to full pressure.
4. Check for leaks with brakes applied.

3. Expansion bottle (SELF TRACK only)
Check air pressure in the expansion tank for the hydraulic damping at the pressure gauge.

Fill through valve A if necessary.

Air pressure: 5 bar (73 p.s.i.)

4. Transmission shaft
Check function and condition of the transmission shaft protection guards. Replace possible damaged parts.

5. Tyre pressure
Check the tyre pressure according to the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tyre size</th>
<th>Recommended inflation pressure in bar (p.s.i.)</th>
<th>Minimum Load Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RC 95</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230/95 R44 (9.5 x 44)</td>
<td>3.6 (52)</td>
<td>134/145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230/95 R48 (9.5 x 48)</td>
<td>3.6 (52)</td>
<td>136/147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>270/95 R44 (11.2 x 44)</td>
<td>3.6 (52)</td>
<td>140/151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>270/95 R48 (11.2 x 48)</td>
<td>3.6 (52)</td>
<td>142/153</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.4 x 46</td>
<td>3.6 (52)</td>
<td>147/158</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.9 x 38</td>
<td>1.6 (23)</td>
<td>141/152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.4 x 38</td>
<td>1.6 (23)</td>
<td>147/144</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.8 x 38</td>
<td>1.2 (18)</td>
<td>154/151</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

IMPORTANT! If renewing tyres always use tyres with min. load index as specified in the table.

WARNING! Never inflate tyres more than to the pressure specified in the table. Over-inflated tyres can explode and cause severe personal injuries! See the part Occasional Maintenance - Change of tyre.
100 hours service

1. Check/adjust drawbar (Fixed drawbar only)
   If too much play is found in the lateral movements of the drawbar it must be adjusted.
   Regulate on the turnbuckles A on each side in order to adjust and centre the drawbar.
**250 hours service**

**1. Wheel bearings**
Check for play in the wheel bearings:

1. Place stop wedges in front of and behind LH wheel and jack up RH wheel.
2. Rock the RH wheel to discover possible play in the bearings.
3. If any play, support the wheel axle to prevent the trailer from falling down from the jack.
4. Remove hub cap A and cotter pin B. Turn the wheel and tighten the castellated nut C until a slight resistance in the wheel rotation is felt.
5. Loosen the castellated nut until the first notch - horizontal or vertical - is aligned with the cotter pin hole in the shaft.
6. Fit a new cotter pin and bend it.
7. Fill the hub cap with fresh grease and press it on to the hub again.
8. Repeat the procedure on LH wheel.

**2. Inspect parking brake**
Inspect the following:

**The parking brake lever:**
If it can be pulled further backwards than 90° (midway), using a traction of approximate 25 kg., the cable needs to be adjusted.

**The parking brake cable:**
When the parking brake is relieved, the cable must be limp; otherwise it needs to be adjusted.

Correct length: When the brake is relieved the cable must be tight and yet not stretched.

Lengthening/shortening of the parking brake cable is carried out by adjusting the nut A.

Inspect the parking brake cables for possible wear or damages. Replace worn or damaged parts.

**3. Brake adjustment**
Lift the back of the COMMANDER from the ground. It is recommended to use two lifting jacks, placed underneath the axle. Make sure the COMMANDER is stable and secured before carrying out any adjustments.

1. Place the handbrake in the first jag. (Please refer to illustration).

**NOTE!** The following adjustment must be carried out simultaneously on both brakes. Therefore, alternately adjust on both LH brake and RH brake.

2. Loosen nut B, lift and flip the small lock plate aside.
3. Adjust the nut A clockwise. Turn the nut 90° (1/4 turn) at a time - alternately on both LH and RH brake.

*After each 1/4 turn:* Check the hub by rotating it. Continue adjustment till resistance occurs. This adjustment is completed, when each hub is strained.
4. **Air brake filters (if fitted)**
1. Clean the area around air filter(s) and disconnect air hose from the tractor.
2. Hold one hand under the filter housing, and pull out the retainer clip A. The filter cartridge assembly will be pushed out by the springs inside the filter housing.
3. Clean the filter cartridge. Use water and an appropriate detergent or compressed air.
4. Dry the parts and reinstall in the order shown. The O-ring should be lightly lubricated with silicone grease before installation.

5. **Hydraulic brakes**
Apply brakes to full pressure and inspect brake lines for damages or leaks. Replace damaged parts.

**IMPORTANT!** If the hydraulic brake lines have been dismantled the circuit must be primed afterwards:
1. Loosen brake hose at both brake cylinders.
2. Apply brake until oil without air bubbles come out.
3. Tighten brake hose before relieving the brake again.

6. **Hydraulic circuit**
Check the hydraulic circuit for leaks and repair if any.

7. **Expansion bottle (SELF TRACK only)**
Check the oil level:
1. Depressurize the expansion bottle through valve A first.
2. Remove the level plug B and check that the oil level is reaching the level hole. Add if the level is low.
3. Tighten the plug again and inflate the bottle to 5 bar air pressure.

8. **Hoses and tubes**
Check all hoses and tubes for possible damages and proper attachment. Renew damaged hoses or tubes.

9. **Readjustment of the boom**
Please see next page.
Readjustment of the boom (OLH, OLV and OLS)
After having used the sprayer for some days the boom should be adjusted according to the following instructions.

Before adjusting the boom, please go through this checklist:

- The sprayer must be lubricated (Please see part about Lubrication)
- Tractor and sprayer must be placed on level ground
- The boom must be unfolded
- Set slanting angle at midway

Adjustment of hydraulic cylinders is done without pressure in the hydraulic system.

**WARNING! NOBODY IS ALLOWED UNDER THE BOOM WHILE ADJUSTMENT IS CARRIED OUT.**

Adjustment of inner section folding
Adjust inner section/centre section alignment at adjustment screw 5.

Adjustment of pendulum suspension
The boom must be adjusted in order to make the pendulum rod vertical.

Ensure that the stabilizer rods 6, 2 by 2 are of the same length. Adjust if necessary.

**WARNING!** Do not detach all stabilizer rods at the same time. The boom may fall out of the suspension and cause severe personal injury.

Adjustment of outer section folding
Fold the outer sections completely and remove bolt 1 from the ball joint rod.

Adjust inner/outer section alignment at adjustment screws 2 and 3.

Adjust the length of ball joint rod 4, until bolt 1 fits - assemble the locking device again.

Break-away
The function of the break-away is to prevent or reduce boom damage, should it strike an object or the ground.

Adjust on screw A until the break-away will release by a force of 80 N at the extremity. The clutch must be well greased before adjustment is carried out.

**IMPORTANT:** Check that all counter nuts are tightened after adjustment.
1000 hours service

1. Wheel bearings and brakes
Check the condition of the bearings and brake wear parts in the following way:

1. Place stop wedges in front of and behind LH wheel and jack up RH wheel.
2. Support the trailer with axle stands.
3. Remove the wheel.
4. Remove the hub cap A, cotter pin B and castle nut C.
5. Pull off the wheel hub and brake drum assembly. Use a wheel puller if necessary.
6. Vacuum clean the brake drum D for brake dust or rinse with water.

**WARNING!** Brake dust can cause severe health injuries! Avoid inhalation of brake dust! Use respirator when servicing the brakes. Do not clean brakes with compressed air! Use vacuum cleaner or rinse with water to avoid brake dust being blown around.

7. Rinse the remaining parts on the brake carrier plate with water and dry them.
8. Remove roller bearings E, clean all parts in degreasing detergent and dry them.
9. Check the brake drum diameter and lining thickness - renew if worn.

Max. wear rates on brake components, mm (in)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>2200/2800</th>
<th>3200/4200</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Max. drum diameter</td>
<td>A 302 (11.8897)</td>
<td>402 (15.8388)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. lining thickness</td>
<td>B 2.0 (0.07874)</td>
<td>4.0 (0.15748)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**IMPORTANT!** The specified min. thickness is the absolute minimum which must never be exceeded. Renew the parts if they would reach the above dimensions before next service inspection.

**IMPORTANT!** Renewal of brake linings or brake drums must be done both sides at the same time.

**NOTE!** If the brake drum must be removed from the hub, a hydraulic press is required to press the wheel studs out.

10. Remove the clevis pin between the air diaphragm cylinder and brake cam lever.
11. Remove the cotterpin G and nut F, the brake shoe anchor bolt H and slide the brake shoes over the cam. Twist the pair of brake shoes to remove the shoe return springs I. Replace brake shoes if the linings are worn.
12. Apply a small qty. of copper paste on moving parts and assemble the brake shoes and shoe return springs again.

**WARNING!** Do not get oil, grease or copper paste in contact with the brake linings and drums.

13. Fit the shoe assembly with the anchor bolt first. Then pull the shoes away from each other and slide them over the cam afterwards. Tighten the anchor bolt castellated nut again and fit a new cotter pin.
14. Check roller bearings for discoloration and wear - renew if worn or damaged.
15. Assemble the hub and bearings using a new sealing ring J.
16. Fill the hub and bearings with fresh grease before fitting it to the shaft.
17. Fit the castellated nut. Rotate the hub and tighten the castellated nut until a slight rotation resistance is felt.
18. Loosen the castellated nut again until the first notch is aligned with the cotter pin hole in the shaft.

**NOTE!** The shaft has a vertical and an horizontal cotter pin hole. Use the one first aligned with the notch when loosening the castellated nut.

19. Fit a new cotter pin and bend it.
20. Fill the hub cap with fresh grease and carefully press it on to the hub.
21. Adjust the brakes as described in “200 hours service”.
22. Fit the wheel again and tighten the wheel nuts. See section “50 hours service” regarding torque wrench setting. Tighten all bolts to half the specified torque first, then to the full specified torque.
23. Tighten again after 10 hours of work. Check the torque every day until it is stabilised.

**WARNING!** If you do not feel totally confident changing wheel bearings or brake shoes contact your HARDI dealers workshop.
2. Transmission shaft
Change the protection tube nylon bearings as described under "Replacement of transmission shaft protection tubes" in the part Occasional Maintenance.
Occasional maintenance

The maintenance and renewal intervals for the following will depend very much on the conditions under which the sprayer will be operated and are therefore impossible to specify.

Pump valves and diaphragms renewal

![Diagram of pump valves and diaphragms]

Diaphragm pump overhaul kit (valves, seals, diaphragms etc.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pump model</th>
<th>HARDI part No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>363</td>
<td>750342</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>463</td>
<td>750343</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Valves

Remove valve cover 1 before changing the valves 2 - note their orientation so they are replaced correctly!

NOTE: One special valve with white flap 2A is used. It has to be placed in the valve opening shown.

It is recommended to use new gaskets 3 when changing or checking the valves.

Diaphragms

Remove the diaphragm cover 4. The diaphragm 5 may then be changed. If fluids have reached the crankcase, re-grease the pump thoroughly. Also check that the drain hole at the bottom of the pump is not blocked. Reassemble with the following torque setting.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pump model</th>
<th>Diaphragm cover Nm</th>
<th>Diaphragm bolt Nm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>463</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>463</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\[\text{Nm} = 0.74 \text{ lbf}\]

IMPORTANT! Before tightening the 4 bolts for the diaphragm cover B the diaphragm must be positioned between centre and top to ensure correct sealing between diaphragm pumphousing and diaphragm cover. Turn crank shaft if necessary.

Cone check/renewal EVC operating unit

If it becomes difficult to build up sufficient pressure or if pressure fluctuations occur, it may be necessary to renew cone and cylinder. A HARDI kit is available for this purpose. Ref. no. 741293.

1. Remove 4 x screws A and remove the housing.
2. Remove 4 x screws B.
3. Replace cylinder C and O-ring D.
4. Loosen the nut E, remove and replace the cone F.
5. Reassemble in reverse order.
Cone check/renewal, EVC distribution valve
Periodically check the distribution valves for proper sealing. Do this by running the sprayer with clean water and open all distribution valves.

Cautiously remove the clip A and pull out the hose B for the pressure equalisation device. When the housing is drained, there should be no liquid flow through the pressure equalisation device. If there is any leakage, the valve cone E must be changed.

Remove the clip C and lift the motor housing off the valve housing. Then unscrew the screw D and replace the valve cone E. Reassemble in reverse order.

Wear bush renewal, boom lift
The wear bushes are inspected and renewed before they are worn through.

1. Connect the trailer to a tractor and unfold the booms to working position.
2. Lift the boom centre frame with a lifting device and support it until the load is taken off the parallelogram arms.
3. Remove the screws A, and pull out the pins B at one of the upper parallelogram arms and renew the wear bushes.
4. Refit the arm.
5. Repeat this on the other upper arm.

6. The lower arms must be disconnected simultaneously. Grease all grease nipples.
7. Remove the lifting gear again.

Wear bush renewal, drawbar (all TRACKER models)
If too much play is found in the drawbar the wear bushes must be renewed.

1. Place stop wedges in front of and behind both wheels.
2. Jack up the frame and support it properly.
3. If not a SELF TRACK model: Remove the drawbar extension to reduce the weight of the drawbar.
4. Loosen the two bolts A and support the bracket B in order to keep it in a level position (e.g. by a rope fastened to the platform railing).
5. Without dismantling the hydraulic system the hydraulic rams are removed from the drawbar by loosening the nuts C.
6. Support the drawbar and remove the two pin bolts D, the washer E and the pin F.
7. Move the drawbar to the side and support it.
8. Press out the worn bushes and fit new ones.
9. Assemble again in reverse order.
10. Grease through grease nipples and remove jack and wedges.
11. Fit the extension piece in the drawbar again and place the sprayer on the support leg.
**Venting the hydraulic damping system (SELF TRACK only)**

The following venting procedure requires a special venting kit, HARDI ref. no. 720725.

1. Place the trailer on the support leg so that the yoke goes free from the tractor and the rams can work freely.
2. Relieve the pressure in the expansion tank and remove the hydraulic hose.

**NOTE!** Plug the hose. If this is neglected, the pressure gauge may be damaged.

3. Fit the two test hoses in the pressure gauge outlets on the rams (at the rear of the track system).
4. Move the track system from one side to the other approx. 10 times (full swing).
5. Loosen the plug very carefully in order to leak the air out of the system.
6. Fit the hydraulic hose on the expansion tank.
7. Remove the level plug and using the tractor hydraulics, cautiously fill oil in the expansion tank until it reaches the level plug.
8. Fit the level plug and fill the expansion tank to an air pressure of 5 bar.
9. Fit the 0-400 bar pressure gauge on the pressure gauge outlet at the ram. Adjust the excess-pressure valve to approx. 40 bar.

On flat ground it is possible to work with a lower opening pressure. This gives a more sensible reaction but it also results in the fact that the trailer can swing when driving on hilly ground and when swinging at high speed.

**TRACKER damping pressure setting (SELF TRACK only)**

The hydraulic pressure relief valves in the TRACKER’s damping system is factory set to open at approx. 40 bar (580 p.s.i.) which is adequate for most conditions.

If the damping seems too “soft” or too “hard”, the settings can be adjusted on the screws shown.

**Shock absorbers**

If the shock absorbers lose their efficiency or start leaking oil, they should be replaced.

**Level indicator adjustment**

The level indicator reading should be checked regularly.

When the tank is empty, the float should lie on the stop pin, of the rod, and the O-ring on the indicator should be positioned at the top position line A.

If any deviation is found, pull out the plug B, loosen screws C, and adjust the length of the cord.

**Cord renewal, level indicator**

If the cord on the level indicator has to be changed, the float guide pole is removed:

1. Remove the tank drain valve (see paragraph “Main tank drain valve”) and loosen the fitting holding the pole in position.
2. Pull the pole down through the drain valve hole till it is free in the top of the tank.
3. The pole can now be taken out of the tank through the filling hole.

**DANGER!** Do not attempt to enter the tank - the float pole can be removed from outside the tank!

**Seal renewal, drain valve**

If the main tank drain valve leaks, the seal and seat can be changed the following way.

**DANGER!** Do not enter the inside of the tank - the parts can be changed from underneath the tank!

**WARNING!** Use eye / face protection mask when dismantling the tank drain valve!

1. Make sure the tank is empty and clean.
2. The valve must be closed and the string loose.
3. Pull out the clip A and pull down connecting piece B. The entire valve assembly can now be pulled out.
4. Check cord and valve flap assembly C for wear, replace seal D and assemble again.
5. Assemble the valve assembly again using a new valve seat E. Lubricate O-rings F before assembly.
6. Fit clip A again.

**NOTE!** Check function of valve with clean water before filling chemicals into the tank.

**Nozzle tubes and fittings**
Poor seals are usually caused by:
- missing O-rings or gaskets
- damaged or incorrectly seated O-rings
- dry or deformed O-rings or gaskets
- foreign bodies

In case of leaks:

**DO NOT overtighten.** Disassemble, check condition and position of O-ring or gasket. Clean, lubricate and reassemble.

The O-ring must be lubricated **ALL THE WAY ROUND** before fitting on to the nozzle tube. Use non-mineral lubricant.

For **RADIAL** connections only hand-tighten them.

For **AXIAL** connections, a little mechanical leverage may be used.

---

**Replacement of transmission shaft protection guards**

1. Remove bolt A, lock B and grease nipple C. Twist uni CV-joint cover 1/4 turn and pull it backwards.

2. Remove the synthetic bearings and protection tube.

2a. Remove inner bush from protection tube.

3. Assemble again in reverse order, using new parts where necessary. Remember to fit chains again.

4. Grease bearings.

**NOTE!** Only use genuine HARDI spare parts to service the transmission shaft.

---

**Replacement of transmission shaft cross journals.**

1. Remove protection guard as described previously.

2. Remove Seeger circlip rings

3. Press the cross journal sideways - use hammer and mandrel if necessary.

4. Remove needle bearing cups and cross journal can now be removed.

5. Carefully remove needle bearing cups from new cross journal and install it in reverse order. Before fitting the needle bearing cups again, check that needles is placed correctly. Avoid dust and dirt in the new bearings.
Maintenance

Adjustment of 3-way-valve
The MANIFOLD valve can be adjusted if it is too tight to operate - or if it is too loose (= liquid leakage).

Use a suitable tool and adjust the toothed ring inside the valve as shown on the drawing.

To change a bulb
1. Switch off the light
2. Loosen the screws on the lamp and remove the cover or lens.
3. Remove the bulb
4. Fit a new bulb, refit the cover and tighten the screws.

NOTE! If halogen bulbs are used, never touch the bulb with the fingers. Natural moisture in the skin will cause the bulb to burn out when the light is switched on. Always use a clean cloth or tissue when handling halogen bulbs.

Adjustment of slanting indicator
If the position of the pointer on the indicator does not correspond to the actual boom position, the pointer A can be adjusted.

1. Loosen the small bolt B sufficiently to allow the wire C to be adjusted.
2. Place the pointer A in correct position and fasten bolt B against the wire C again.

Change of bulbs
Overview of bulbs used.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rear combi lamp, HELLA</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Bulb type (DIN)</th>
<th>Volt / Watt</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rear lamp</td>
<td>R5W</td>
<td>12V / 5W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop lamp</td>
<td>P21W</td>
<td>12V / 21W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction indicator</td>
<td>P21W</td>
<td>12V / 21W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rear combi lamp, GEKA (with warning boards)</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Bulb type (DIN)</th>
<th>Volt / Watt</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rear lamp</td>
<td>R5W</td>
<td>12V / 5W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop lamp</td>
<td>P21W</td>
<td>12V / 21W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction indicator</td>
<td>P21W</td>
<td>12V / 21W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position lamp, front</td>
<td>(GEKA)</td>
<td>12V / 5W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boom and work lamps</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Bulb type (DIN)</th>
<th>Volt / Watt</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boom lamp</td>
<td>H3</td>
<td>12V / 55W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Working lamp</td>
<td>124 98</td>
<td>12V / 21W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number plate lamp, HELLA</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Bulb type (DIN)</th>
<th>Volt / Watt</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number plate lamp</td>
<td>R10W</td>
<td>12V / 10W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Side marking combi lamp</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Bulb type (DIN)</th>
<th>Volt / Watt</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Side marking combi lamp</td>
<td>white, red yellow</td>
<td>R5W</td>
<td>12V / 5W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Maintenance

Change of tyre

Should it be necessary to replace tyres, it is recommended to leave this to a specialist and follow the mentioned rules.

1. Always clean and inspect the rim before mounting.
2. Always check that the rim diameter corresponds exactly to the rim diameter moulded on the tyre.
3. Always inspect inside of the tyre for cuts, penetrating objects or other damages. Repairable damages should be repaired before installing the tube. Tyres with unrepairable damages must never be used.
4. Also inspect inside of the tyre for dirt or foreign bodies and remove it before installing the tube.
5. Always use tubes of recommended size and in good condition. When fitting new tyres always fit new tubes.
6. Before mounting, always lubricate both tyre beads and rim flange with approved lubricating agent or equivalent anti-corrosion lubricant. Never use petroleum based greases and oils because they may damage the tyre. Using the appropriate lubricant the tyre will never slip on the rim.
7. Always use specialised tools as recommended by the tyre supplier for mounting the tyres.
8. Make sure that the tyre is centred and the beads are perfectly seated on the rim. Otherwise danger of bead wire tear can occur.
9. Inflate the tyre to 100-130 kPa (14.5-19 p.s.i.) then check weather both beds are seated perfectly on the rim. If any of the beads do not seat correctly, deflate the assembly and re-centre the beads before starting inflation of the tyre. If the beads are seated correctly on the rim at 100-130 kPa inflate the tyre to a maximum of 250 kPa (36 p.s.i.) until they seat perfectly on the rim.
10. Never exceed the maximum mounting pressure moulded on the tyre!
11. After mounting tyres adjust inflation pressure to operation pressure recommended by the tyre manufacturer.
12. Do not use tubes in tubeless tyres.

WARNING! Non observance of mounting instructions will result in the bad seating of the tyre on the rim and could cause the tyre to burst leading to serious injury or death!

Never mount or use damaged tyres or rims!

Use of damaged, ruptured, distorted, welded or brazed rim is not allowed!
**Maintenance**

**Off-season storage**
When the spraying season is over, you should devote some extra time to the sprayer.

If chemical residue is left over in the sprayer for longer periods, it can reduce the life of the individual components.

**Off-season storage program**
To preserve the sprayer intact and to protect the components, carry out following off-season storage program.

1. Clean the sprayer completely - inside and outside - as described under “Cleaning of the sprayer”. Make sure that all valves, hoses and auxiliary equipment have been cleaned with detergent and flushed with clean water afterwards, so no chemical residue is left in the sprayer.

2. Renew possible damaged seals and repair possible leaks.

3. Empty the sprayer completely and let the pump work for a few minutes. Operate all valves and handles to drain as much water off the spraying circuit as possible. Let the pump run until air is coming out of all nozzles. Remember to drain the rinsing tank also.

4. Pour appr. 50 litre (11 Imp.gal) anti-freeze mixture consisting of 1/3 automotive anti-freeze and 2/3 water into the tank.

5. Engage the pump and operate all valves and functions on the MANIFOLD, operating unit, FILLER etc. allowing the anti-freeze mixture to be distributed around the entire circuit. Open the operating unit main on/off valve and distribution valves so the anti-freeze is sprayed through the nozzles as well. The anti-freeze will also prevent O-rings, seals, diaphragms etc. from drying out.

6. Lubricate all lubricating points according to the lubricating scheme - regardless of intervals stated.

7. When the sprayer is dry, remove rust from possible scratches or damages in the paint and touch up the paint.

8. Remove the glycerine-filled pressure gauges and store them frost free in vertical position.

9. Apply a thin layer of anti-corrosion oil (e.g. SHELL ENSIS FLUID, CASTROL RUSTILLO or similar) on all metal parts. Avoid oil on rubber parts, hoses and tyres.

10. Fold the boom in transport position and relieve pressure from all hydraulic functions.

11. All electric plugs and sockets are to be stored in a dry plastic bag to protect them against damp, dirt and corrosion.

12. Remove the control boxes and the HARDI PILOT control box + display from the tractor, and store them dry and clean (in-house).

13. Wipe hydraulic snap-couplers clean and fit the dust caps.

14. Apply grease on all hydraulic ram piston rods which are not fully retracted in the barrel to protect against corrosion.

15. Chock up the wheels, to prevent moisture damage and deformation of the tyres. Tyre blacking can be applied to the tyre walls to preserve the rubber.

16. Drain air brake tank for condensed water.

17. To protect against dust the sprayer can be covered by a tarpaulin. Ensure ventilation to prevent condensation.

**Preparing the sprayer for use after storage**
After a storage period the sprayer should be prepared for the next season the following way:

1. Remove the cover

2. Remove the support from the wheel axle and adjust the tyre pressure.

3. Wipe off the grease from hydraulic ram piston rods.

4. Fit the pressure gauges again. Seal with Teflon tape.

5. Connect the sprayer to the tractor including hydraulics and electric’s.

6. Check all hydraulic and electric functions.

7. Empty the tank for remaining anti-freeze.

8. Rinse the entire liquid circuit on the sprayer with clean water.

9. Fill with clean water and check all functions.

10. Check function of brakes. Please note that brake power will be reduced until the rust are worn off the drums. Always brake lightly until the drums are clean.
Fault-finding

Operational problems
In cases where breakdowns have occurred, the same factors always seem to be in question:

1. Minor leaks on the suction side of the pump will reduce the pump capacity or stop the suction completely.
2. A clogged suction filter will hinder or prevent suction so that the pump does not operate satisfactorily.
3. Clogged up pressure filters will result in increasing pressure at the pressure gauge but lower pressure at the nozzles.
4. Foreign bodies stuck in the pump valves with the result that these cannot close tightly against the valve seat. This reduces pump efficiency.
5. Poorly reassembled pumps, especially diaphragm covers, will allow the pump to suck air resulting in reduced or no capacity.
6. Hydraulic components that are contaminated with dirt result in rapid wear to the hydraulic system.

Therefore ALWAYS check:

1. Suction, pressure and nozzle filters are clean.
2. Hoses for leaks and cracks, paying particular attention to suction hoses.
3. Gaskets and O-rings are present - and in good condition.
4. Pressure gauge is in good working order. Correct dosage depends on it.
5. Operating unit works properly. Use clean water to check.
6. Hydraulic components are maintained clean.

TRACKER damping system

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FAULT</th>
<th>PROBABLE CAUSE</th>
<th>CONTROL/REMEDY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sprayer trails unstable</td>
<td>Air pockets in the hydraulic circuit</td>
<td>Prime hydraulic circuit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hydraulic circuit leaking</td>
<td>Repair leak, prime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pressure relief valve(s) set too low</td>
<td>Adjust pressure relief valves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear hydraulic rams are too tight and vehicle continues straight ahead when trying to turn</td>
<td>Insufficient counter weight on front of tractor</td>
<td>Add ballast on front of tractor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pressure relief valve set too high</td>
<td>Adjust pressure relief valves</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Fault-finding

## Liquid system

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FAULT</th>
<th>PROBABLE CAUSE</th>
<th>CONTROL/REMEDY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No spray from boom when turned on.</td>
<td>Air leak on suction line.</td>
<td>Check if suction filter O-ring is sealing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Check suction tube and fittings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Check tightness of pump diaphragm and valve covers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Air in system.</td>
<td>Fill suction hose with water for initial prime.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Suction/pressure filters clogged.</td>
<td>Clean filters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Check yellow suction pipe is not obstructed or placed too near the tank bottom.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Safety valve spring for Self-Cleaning Filter not tight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Too little distance between yellow suction pipe and tank bottom.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pump valves blocked or worn.</td>
<td>Check for obstructions and wear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defect pressure gauge.</td>
<td>Check for dirt at inlet of gauge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure dropping.</td>
<td>Filters clogging.</td>
<td>Clean all filters. Fill with cleaner water. If using powders, make sure agitation is on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nozzles worn.</td>
<td>Check flow rate and replace nozzles if it exceeds 10%.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tank is air tight.</td>
<td>Check vent is clear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sucking air towards end of tank load.</td>
<td>Lower pump r.p.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure increasing</td>
<td>Pressure filters beginning to clog.</td>
<td>Clean all filters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formation of foam.</td>
<td>Air is being sucked into system.</td>
<td>Check tightness / gaskets / O-rings of all fittings on suction side.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Excessive liquid agitation.</td>
<td>Reduce pump r/min.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Check safety valve for Self-Cleaning Filter is tight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ensure returns inside tank are present.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Use foam damping additive.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Fault-finding

### D.A.H. Hydraulic system

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FAULT</th>
<th>PROBABLE CAUSE</th>
<th>CONTROL/REMEDY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No boom movements when activated</td>
<td>insufficient oil pressure</td>
<td>Check oil pressure - min. 130 bar, max. 160 bar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Check tractor hydraulic oil level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insufficient oil supply.</td>
<td>Oil flow must be min. 10 l/min. and max. 90 l/min.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Check tractor hydraulic oil level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blown fuse.</td>
<td>Check / replace fuse in junction box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bad / corroded electrical connections</td>
<td>Check / clean connections, multi plugs etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insufficient power supply.</td>
<td>Voltage on activated solenoid valve must be more than 8 Volts. Use wires of at least 4 mm² for power supply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defect relay / diodes in junction box</td>
<td>Check relays, diodes and soldering at PCB in junction box</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Clogged restrictors a or b in by-pass block.</td>
<td>Remove and clean restrictors a and b in by-pass block (See hydraulic diagram) Change hydraulic oil + filter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wrong polarity.</td>
<td>Check polarity. White pos. (⁺) Blue neg. (-).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boom lift raises to max. pos. when tractor hydraulics are engaged</td>
<td>Wrong oil inlet to by-pass block.</td>
<td>Connect hydraulic snap couplers opposite in tractor outlets, or engage spool valve lever in opposite direction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Back pressure in return line exceeds 20 bar</td>
<td>Connect the return line with free flow to hydraulic oil reservoir.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Divide return line in two and lead return oil back to reservoir via two spool valves.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil heats up in Closed Centre systems</td>
<td>By-pass valve 0 does not close properly</td>
<td>Check / close (screw in) by-pass valve 0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Internal leaks in flow regulator</td>
<td>Replace flow regulator O-rings and back-up rings. Replace flow regulator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individual ram does not move</td>
<td>Clogged restrictor</td>
<td>Dismantle and clean restrictor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Fault-finding

### (I.A.H.) Hydraulic system

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FAULT</th>
<th>PROBABLE CAUSE</th>
<th>CONTROL/REMEDY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boom slow/eradic.</td>
<td>Air in system</td>
<td>Loosen ram connection and activate hydraulics until oil flow has no air in it (not whitish).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Regulation valve incorrectly set</td>
<td>Open or close until desired speed is achieved (clockwise = less speed). Remember oil must be at operating temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insufficient hydraulic pressure</td>
<td>Check output pressure of tractor hydraulics. Minimum for sprayer is 130 bar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insufficient amount of oil in tractor reservoir</td>
<td>Check and top up if needed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ram not functioning.</td>
<td>Restrictor or regulation valve blocked</td>
<td>Secure boom with “S” hook. Dismantle and clean.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### EVC Operating unit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FAULT</th>
<th>PROBABLE CAUSE</th>
<th>CONTROL/REMEDY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating unit not functioning</td>
<td>Blown fuse(s).</td>
<td>Check mechanical function of microswitches. Use cleaning/lubricating agent if the switch does not operate freely.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Check motor. 450-500 milli-Amperes max. Change motor, if over.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wrong polarity.</td>
<td>Brown - pos. (+). Blue - neg. (-)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valves not closing properly.</td>
<td>Check valve seals for obstructions.</td>
<td>Check microswitch plate position. Loosen screws holding plate a $\frac{1}{2}$ turn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No power.</td>
<td>Wrong polarity. Check that brown is pos. (+), Blue is neg. (-)</td>
<td>Check print plate for dry solders or loose connections. Check fuse holder are tight around fuse.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Fault-finding

Emergency operation of the sprayer

The boom
In case of power failure, the boom can be operated manually:

1. Put the tractor spool valve control lever in neutral position.
2. Close the cartridge valve A on the hydraulic distribution block.

3. Activate the tractor spool valve control lever.
4. The boom can now be operated by pressing the individual buttons on the solenoid valves.

Remember to reset the system to original setting.

Steering drawbar (if fitted)

1. Put the tractor spool valve control lever in neutral position.
2. Close the cartridge valves A and B on the hydraulic distribution block.
3. By means of the tractor spool valve control lever, the drawbar can now be centred.

Remember to reset the system to original setting.

Cause
The problem may be due to a blown fuse. One spare fuse is located inside the junction box.

EC operating unit
In case of power failure it is possible to operate all functions of the operating unit manually. First disconnect the multi plug from the control box. Now manually turn the emergency control knobs.

The problem may be due to a blown fuse. An extre fuse is placed inside the box.

Fuse type: 6.3 A
**Technical specifications**

**Overall dimensions**

All measurements are in mm and are based on machines equipped with wheel size 12.4 x R46.

The length (A) is based on the short version of the drawbar extension. Additional length for long version:

CM 2200/2800: + 350 mm
CM 3200/4200: + 450 mm

**Weight**

**CM plus 2200/2800 OLH/OLV/OLS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boom width (m)</th>
<th>A (mm)</th>
<th>B (mm)</th>
<th>C (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>7100</td>
<td>2980</td>
<td>3960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>7100</td>
<td>2980</td>
<td>3960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>7100</td>
<td>2980</td>
<td>3960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>7100</td>
<td>2980</td>
<td>3960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>7100</td>
<td>2980</td>
<td>3960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>7100</td>
<td>2980</td>
<td>3960</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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<td>7100</td>
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<td>2980</td>
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<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>7100</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>7100</td>
<td>2980</td>
<td>3960</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CM plus 3200/4200 OLH/OLV/OLS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boom width (m)</th>
<th>A (mm)</th>
<th>B (mm)</th>
<th>C (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>7100</td>
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<tr>
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<td>7100</td>
<td>2980</td>
<td>3960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>7100</td>
<td>2980</td>
<td>3960</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All weights are approximate values and are based on machines equipped with rinsing tank, clean water tank, HARDI FILLER and suspended axle.
# Technical specifications

## Weight

**CM plus 3200 OLH/OLV/OLS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boom width (m)</th>
<th>Axle load (kg)</th>
<th>Drawbar load (kg)</th>
<th>Own weight (kg)</th>
<th>Axle load (kg)</th>
<th>Drawbar load (kg)</th>
<th>Total weight (kg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>3152</td>
<td>515</td>
<td>3667</td>
<td>6460</td>
<td>1257</td>
<td>7717</td>
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<tr>
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<td>514</td>
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<td>6462</td>
<td>1255</td>
<td>7717</td>
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<tr>
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<td>3170</td>
<td>517</td>
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<td>1258</td>
<td>7737</td>
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<tr>
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<td>3189</td>
<td>518</td>
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<td>6498</td>
<td>1259</td>
<td>7757</td>
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<td>7857</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CM plus 4200 OLH/OLV/OLS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boom width (m)</th>
<th>Axle load (kg)</th>
<th>Drawbar load (kg)</th>
<th>Own weight (kg)</th>
<th>Axle load (kg)</th>
<th>Drawbar load (kg)</th>
<th>Total weight (kg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>3184</td>
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<td>7305</td>
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<td>8757</td>
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<tr>
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<td>3186</td>
<td>521</td>
<td>3707</td>
<td>7307</td>
<td>1450</td>
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<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>3202</td>
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<tr>
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<td>8857</td>
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<td>7306</td>
<td>1591</td>
<td>8897</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All weights are approximate values and are based on machines equipped with rinsing tank, clean water tank, HARDI FILLER and suspended axle.

For SELF TRACK models the values in above tables must be increased:

+ 100 kg on Drawbar and Total weights

For COMMANDER models without suspended axle, subtract:

COMMANDER 2200/2800 - 220 kg (own weight)
COMMANDER 3200/4200 - 250 kg (own weight)

Ground clearance (under axle):

COMMANDER 2200/2800: without suspension: appr. 700 mm with suspension: appr. 600 mm
COMMANDER 3200/4200: without suspension: appr. 700 mm with suspension: appr. 750 mm
# Technical specifications

## Pump capacity

### Pump 363/10.0 (540 r.p.m.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rotation per min.</th>
<th>200</th>
<th>300</th>
<th>400</th>
<th>500</th>
<th>540</th>
<th>600</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bar</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>107</td>
<td>141</td>
<td>178</td>
<td>194</td>
<td>211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>207</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>139</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>186</td>
<td>205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>138</td>
<td>169</td>
<td>184</td>
<td>203</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>196</td>
<td>182</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>178</td>
<td>197</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Max. pressure: 15 bar  
Weight: 52.5 kg  
Suction height: 0.0 m

### Pump 363/5.5 (1000 r.p.m.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rotation per min.</th>
<th>200</th>
<th>300</th>
<th>400</th>
<th>500</th>
<th>600</th>
<th>700</th>
<th>800</th>
<th>900</th>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>144</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>186</td>
<td>201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>179</td>
<td>191</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>117</td>
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<td>176</td>
<td>188</td>
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<td>6</td>
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<td>57</td>
<td>76</td>
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<td>115</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>153</td>
<td>173</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>108</td>
<td>126</td>
<td>144</td>
<td>163</td>
<td>174</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Max. pressure: 15 bar  
Weight: 52.6 kg  
Suction height: 0.0 m

### Pump 463/10.0 (540 r.p.m.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rotation per min.</th>
<th>200</th>
<th>300</th>
<th>400</th>
<th>500</th>
<th>540</th>
<th>600</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bar</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>159</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>257</td>
<td>276</td>
<td>305</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>152</td>
<td>202</td>
<td>252</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>299</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>149</td>
<td>198</td>
<td>246</td>
<td>265</td>
<td>295</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>195</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>263</td>
<td>289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>142</td>
<td>192</td>
<td>236</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>282</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>136</td>
<td>184</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>248</td>
<td>276</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Max. pressure: 15 bar  
Weight: 66.5 kg  
Suction height: 0.0 m

### Pump 463/5.5 (1000 r.p.m.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rotation per min.</th>
<th>200</th>
<th>300</th>
<th>400</th>
<th>500</th>
<th>600</th>
<th>700</th>
<th>800</th>
<th>900</th>
<th>1000</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bar</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>178</td>
<td>206</td>
<td>233</td>
<td>273</td>
<td>305</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>197</td>
<td>222</td>
<td>252</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>108</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>162</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>216</td>
<td>244</td>
<td>273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>158</td>
<td>185</td>
<td>211</td>
<td>239</td>
<td>269</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>126</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>178</td>
<td>202</td>
<td>229</td>
<td>257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>195</td>
<td>219</td>
<td>246</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Max. pressure: 15 bar  
Weight: 66.5 kg  
Suction height: 0.0 m
Technical specifications

Filters and nozzles

Filter gauze width

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mesh</th>
<th>Width</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>0.58 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>0.18 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>0.30 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>0.15 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Temperature and pressure ranges

Operating temperature range:
2° to 40° C. (36°F to 104°F)

Operating pressure for safety valve:
15 bar (220 psi)

Max. pressure on the pressure manifold:
20 bar (290 psi)

Max. pressure on the suction manifold:
7 bar (100 psi)

Brakes

Max. wear rates on brake components, mm (in):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2200/2800</th>
<th>3200/4200</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Max. drum diameter A</td>
<td>302 (11.8897)</td>
<td>402 (15.8388)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. lining thickness B</td>
<td>2.0 (0.07874)</td>
<td>4.0 (0.15748)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Hydraulic brakes

Max. hydraulic pressure: 150 bar (2176 p.s.i.)

Air brakes, single line:

Air pressure, relieved brakes: 5.3 - 5.6 bar
Air pressure drop to activate: 0.8 - 1.3 bar

Air brakes, dual line

Load apportioning valve pressure settings:

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Relieved</td>
<td>0 bar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Empty</td>
<td>1.6 bar (23.2 p.s.i.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Half</td>
<td>3.4 bar (49.3 p.s.i.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full</td>
<td>Air tank pressure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Materials and recycling

Tank: HDPE
Hoses: PVC
Valves: mainly glass-filled PA.
Fittings: PA

Conversion factors, SI to Imperial units

All units used in this manual are SI units. In some occasions Imperial units are used. Use following factors to convert SI units to Imperial units:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SI unit</th>
<th>Imperial unit</th>
<th>Factor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>lb.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surface area</td>
<td>ha</td>
<td>acres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length</td>
<td>cm</td>
<td>in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m</td>
<td>ft</td>
<td>x 3.281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m</td>
<td>yd</td>
<td>x 1.094</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>km</td>
<td>mile</td>
<td>x 0.621</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velocity</td>
<td>km/h</td>
<td>mile/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>km/h</td>
<td>m/s</td>
<td>x 0.277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantities/area</td>
<td>l/ha</td>
<td>gal (Imp.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volume</td>
<td>ml</td>
<td>fl. oz (Imp.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>l</td>
<td>Imp. pt.</td>
<td>x 0.568</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>l</td>
<td>gal (Imp.)</td>
<td>x 0.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure</td>
<td>bar</td>
<td>lb./in²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td>°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>hp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torque</td>
<td>Nm</td>
<td>lbf</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Electrical connections

Rear lights

Position
1. LH direction indicator: Yellow
2. Free: Blue
3. Frame: White
4. RH direction indicator: Green
5. RH rear position lamp: Brown
6. Stop lamps: Red
7. LH rear position lamp: Black

The wiring is in accordance with ISO 1724.

Disposal of the sprayer

When the equipment has completed its working life, it must be thoroughly cleaned. The tank, hose and synthetic fittings can be incinerated at an authorised disposal plant. The metallic parts can be scrapped. Always follow local legislation regarding disposal.
## Technical specifications

### Electrical connections for EVC operating unit

20 poled plug with cable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of distribution valve</th>
<th>8</th>
<th>7</th>
<th>6 &amp; 5</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>3 &amp; 2</th>
<th>2 &amp; 3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5 &amp; 6</th>
<th>7</th>
<th>8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wire number or colour code</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6 &amp; 5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3 &amp; 2</td>
<td>2 &amp; 3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5 &amp; 6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G/Y</td>
<td>G/Y</td>
<td>G/Y</td>
<td>G/Y</td>
<td>G/Y</td>
<td>G/Y</td>
<td>G/Y</td>
<td>G/Y</td>
<td>G/Y</td>
<td>G/Y</td>
<td>G/Y</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**G/Y = green/yellow**

### EVC

### Electrical chart (EVC)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of distribution valves</th>
<th>2/3/4</th>
<th>5/6</th>
<th>7</th>
<th>8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Valve</td>
<td>Wire number or color code</td>
<td>1-2</td>
<td>1-11</td>
<td>1-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3-4</td>
<td>3-4</td>
<td>2-12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V2</td>
<td>5-6</td>
<td>5-6</td>
<td>3-13</td>
<td>3-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V3</td>
<td>7-8</td>
<td>7-8</td>
<td>4-14</td>
<td>4-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V4</td>
<td>9-10</td>
<td>5-15</td>
<td>5-15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V5</td>
<td>11-12</td>
<td>6-16</td>
<td>6-16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V6</td>
<td>7-17</td>
<td>7-17</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V7</td>
<td>REG</td>
<td>9-10</td>
<td>9-10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REG</td>
<td>13-14</td>
<td>9-10</td>
<td>9-10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V8</td>
<td>?</td>
<td>?</td>
<td>8-G/Y</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

G/Y = Green/Yellow

The EVC operating unit fulfils the EC noise reduction standards.
Pin | Type       | Colour  |
---|------------|--------|
1  | LH blipper | Yellow |
2  | Spare (note 1) | Blue    |
3  | Gnd        | White  |
4  | RH blipper | Green  |
5  | RH parking | Brown  |
6  | Stop       | Red    |
7  | LH parking | Black  |

**Note 1:**
The spare pin can be used for several purposes. This could be:

a) Beacon on/off

b) Working light on/off. The center tab of the selector switch must then be connected to the spare pin. In addition, the spare pin (2) on the tractor must be connected to one of the working light switches in the cabin.

**S2 Function:**

Open: Working light cannot be activated unless parking light is on.

Closed: Working light independent of parking light.

Auxiliary 12V output, fused
Technical specifications

Electrical specifications for Boom and Work light
Technical specifications

Boom hydraulic charts
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